THE

NEWPORT MERCURY.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1798. [No 1268.]

NEWPORT: (Rhode-Island) Published by HENRY BARBER, near the State-House.

State of RHODE-ISLAND, &c.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *December Session, A. D.* 1797.

RESOLVED, That the Holders of Notes and Securities, issued by the State, as described in an Act, entitled, "An Act for calling in the Notes and Securities issued by the State, for Services and Supplies during the late War with Great-Britain, which have not been liquidated and exchanged, and for giving the Holders of them New Securities," be and they hereby are authorized and permitted, any Time before the First Day of July, *A. D.* 1798, to carry the said Notes and securities into the General Treasury:—That the General Treasurer be, and he hereby is, empowered and required, to liquidate and adjust such Demands, in the Manner prescribed by said Act;—and that the General Treasurer give Notice thereof, in the several News-Papers in this State.

General-Treasurer's Office.

IN Obedience to the afore-recited Act of the General Assembly, I do hereby Invite, and Request, all Persons, possessing any of the afore-mentioned Notes and Securities, to bring or send them to this Office, (if sent, to be accompanied with an Order for the New Certificate, that will be issued in Lieu of the Old Debt) that they may avail themselves of the Benefit of the Law, and the State ascertain the Amount of the Sum she is indebted.

H. SHERBURNE, *Gen. Treasurer.*
Newport, Jan 29, 1798.

HOLMES WEAVER,

CABINET and CHAIR MAKER,

INFORMS the Citizens of Newport and its Vicinity, That he has taken a Shop in Meeting Street, a little Northward of the Printing Office, where he carries on the above Business in all its various Branches.

H. flatters himself that an anxious Solicitude to please, will insure him the Patronage of a generous Public, in an Art conducive to Elegance: assuring them they shall be supplied with every Article in his Line as cheap as can be procured (of an equal Quality) in New-York or Philadelphia.

The most fashionable and approved Patterns will be constantly procured and neatly executed.

All Kinds of inlaid and ornamental Work done in the most fanciful Manner.

Likewise, beautiful japan Varnishing done at the most reduced Prices, and is the highest and most transparent Polish hitherto invented.

N. B. The above Varnish may be applied to old Furniture, without the Trouble of moving it.

Newport, Jan 22, 1798.

For Sale, by

Baker & Anthony

At their Store, formerly occupied by Mr. STEPHEN PIERCE, at the Head of Bannister's Wharf,

BRANDY by the Pipe, Quarter-Cask and Gallon, 1st, 2d, and 4th Proof; West-India Rum, by the Barrel or Gallon; New England Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; Geneva by the Barrel or Gallon; Brown Sugar by the Barrel; White Spanish Flour by Ditto; Loaf Sugar by the Hundred or Loaf.

Flour by the Barrel, fine and superfine; Souchong Tea, by the Dozen or Pound; a general Assortment of Glass Ware; Liverpool Crockery Ware, consisting of best printed, enamel'd, pencil'd and common Ditto; an elegant Assortment of Morocco Shoes; Coarse and Fine Salt.

Also a Variety of other Articles, in the Grocery Line, which they will dispose of, at a reduced Price for Cash.

N B. They want to purchase a Thousand Bushels of FLAXSEED.

For SALE, by

SIMON DAVIS,

BRANDY and Holland Gin per Pipe, Barrel or smaller Quantity,
Jamaica Spirits, St. Croix, Antigua and New England Rum per Hogshead,
Sugar per Hogshead or Barrel,
Molasses per Hogshead, Tierce or Barrel,
Very good fine and superfine Flour,
Welch's Chocolate, N° 1 and 2, fresh,
A few Half Barrels of good Rice,
Fresh Raisins per Cask,
Sherry and Lisbon Wine per Quarter Cask.

The above mentioned Articles by Retail.

Also Crockery and Glass Ware by Wholesale and Retail; and many other Articles in the Grocery Line.—Likewise a few Thousand of Shingles and Laths—London Porter.

Newport, Jan 22, 1797.

Ethan Clarke

HAS not been able to close his Business as he wished, therefore cannot leave Home as he intended.—He has for Sale, Iron Cabouses of different Kinds and Sizes, Kitchen Stoves finished and unfinished; Open and Close Stoves and Anchors of all Sizes. He also receives Goods for sale on Commission, and advances Money on the Receipt thereof if wanted. Enquire at his House, next Eastward of Mr. TOWNSEND's Coffee-House.

He has also for Sale,
MOLASSES, in Hogsheads and Tierces, suitable for retailing.

Newport, Dec 26 1797.

For SALE, by

SIMEON MARTIN,

MOLASSES, Sugar, Coffee, and New-England Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel;—Cotton, by the Big;—and, 2000 Bushels of the best St. Ubes Salt.

For Sale, by

THOMAS HANDY,

At the Sugar House lately improved by Messieurs OVERING & AUCHMUTY,

Single and double-refined, and Lump Sugar, by the Quantity, or single Loaf.—Also, MOLASSES of a superior Quality, for retailing.

To be LET, or SOLD,

A FARM, belonging to the Subscriber and containing about 300 Acres in North-Kingstown, about Three Miles and a Half W. S. W. from Bissell's Mills. Said Farm has on it a Sufficiency of Wood, an old and a young Orchard; has a Dwelling-House and an excellent Barn almost new, with a Corn Crib, &c. Said Farm lies about Half a Mile from the Episcopal Church.—For Terms apply to Peter Phillips, Esq; in Wickford, or the Subscriber.

Also to LET, as soon as may be wanted,
Five separate Lots of Land, at the North End of this Town, in excellent Order, either for Meadows or Pasturing; and likewise a House and Two Lots of Land lying in Portsmouth, on the East Road, about Five Miles from this Town.—For further Particulars inquire of OLIVER R. WARNER.

Newport, Dec. 26, 1797.

The Subscribers being appointed by the Town Council, of Tiverton, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of ABRAHAM BARKER, Esq; late of said Tiverton, deceased, represented insolvent; hereby give Notice, that they will attend said Business at the Dwelling House of Joseph Barker, Esq; in said Town, on the last saturday in this and the Five following Months, from Two to Six o'Clock, P. M.

WILLIAM NORTON.
WILLIAM HUMPHRY.

Tiverton, January 1, 1798

Those Persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment to

JOSEPH BARKER, } *Administrators.*
JOSEPH DURFEE. }

Christopher Fowler & Co.

Have for Sale, at their Store, on Mr. LANGLEY's *Wharf,*

FRENCH Brandy, 1st and 4th Proof; and best Holland Geneva, per Pipe or Barrel.

15 Puncheons first Quality Old Windward Island Rum, 31 Proof and excellent Flavour.

Jamaica Spirits, and New England Rum, per Hogshead.

Madeira, Sherry, and Malaga Wines, per Quarter Cask.

Gunpowder, Hyson, and Souchong Teas, per Chest or lesser Quantity.

Jamaica Sugars per Hogshead or Barrel.
Havannah Ditto per Box.
Pepper and Pimento, per Bag.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace and Cassia, per lb.
Rumney's best & No. 1 Chocolate, per Box.
Sweet Oil & Anchovies, per Box or Dozen.
Cotton per Bag; Ginger per bbl. Starch.
Best Heart and Club German Steel, per Fagot or Bar; Sewing Twine.
White Lead and Spanish Brown, per Cask,
House and Hearth Brushes per Dozen.
An Assortment of Glass Ware.

A constant Supply of Superfine and Common Flour per Barrel and Half Barrel—and a Variety of other Articles, which they will sell on the most moderate Terms.

Newport, Jan. 22, 1798.

Fresh Raisins and Currants

JUST ARRIVED.

JAMAICA Spirits, very excellent—Saint Croix Rum 31 Proof, and New-England Rum, by the Hogshead or Barrel,
Malaga and Sherry Wine, by the Quarter-Cask.

Brandy, French and Spanish, by the Pipe or Barrel; some 4th Proof to sell.

Window Glass by the Box.

York Soap (Goodeve & Brown) by the Box.

Rice, in Tierces; as good as any at Market.

Chocolate, Cundell's, Newell's, and Watertown Manufactory.

London Porter by the Cask; Brown Stout ditto.

French Indigo by the Quantity.

Very excellent SWEET OIL, in Cases of 12 Bottles each.

A few Casks of LINSEED OIL.

Cotton Wool and Pepper, with other Articles in the Grocery Line.

The above Articles will be sold on such Terms as cannot fail to give Satisfaction to the Purchaser; on a fair Trial of the Goods at his Store in Thames Street, lately occupied by Mr. Ethan Clarke.

NATH. B. MILLER.

November 21, 1797.

John Hadwen

Hereby informs his Customers,

That he has removed from the House of the late Governor WANTON, to the House next North, on the same Side of the Street, where he continues his Business as usual.

To be Sold, by

WILLIAM WHITE,

In Broad Street,

Charcoal and Sea-Coal, by the Chaldron or Bushel.

Newport, Dec 26, 1797.

THE Subscribers being appointed by the Town Council of Portsmouth, Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of ROBERT FISH, late of Portsmouth, deceased, represented insolvent; and Six Months longer being allowed by said Council, for that Purpose, we hereby give Notice to all Persons having any Demands against said Estate, to exhibit them, to either of us, within the above Term.

HENRY LAWTON,
BENJAMIN FREEBORN.

And all Persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate Payment to

BATHSHEBA FISH, *Administratrix.*

Portsmouth, 8th of 11th Month, 1798.

Late Foreign Intelligence.

By the ship Alexander, Capt. Gerry, arrived 3d inst at Norfolk, in 36 days from Glasgow, (Scotland) London Papers to the 21st November, and Glasgow the 24th have been received. They contain the following:

PARIS, November 10.

IT is said that the Directory demands of the American Plenipotentiaries: 1st, whether their instructions allow them to give satisfaction for the outrage offered to the French government, in the speech the President made on the 16th of May last, at the opening of Congress? And 2dly, Whether they are authorized to re establish the respective positions in which the States stood in 1778, and to annul in the posterior treaties all the clauses injurious to the interests of the French Republic?

November 11.

The negociations at Udina were at the point of being broken off on the evening before the signing of the Treaty of peace. The Austrian plenipotentiaries obstinately refused to cede Mantua. Buonaparte, impatient of the resistance, declared the conferences to be finished, and that the sword should decide the dispute. He rose, and taking up his hat suddenly, the feather in it struck against some porcelane vases of the richest kind, and threw them down. He begged pardon of the Austrian Commissioners, and observed, he was sorry they would soon have no brittle but more valuable vessels. He left Udina immediately and returned to his head quarters at Passeriano. Next day at 5 o'clock in the morning, the marquis de Gallo came to him, and declared that the Emperor would agree to the conditions offered on the night before. The peace was signed in the course of the day.

LONDON, November 7.

Government have very honorably granted the full pay of an English Admiral to the Dutch Admiral De Winter, and his brother Officers of that rank, during their stay in this Country.

November 11.

Dispatches were received at the Admiralty, from Admiral Lord St. Vincent, dated from the Tagus, where his Lordship arrived on the 23d ult. with the following ships belonging to his fleet.

Ville de Paris,	Swiftsure,
Prince George,	Majestic,
Namur,	Gibraltar,
Princess Royal,	Defence,
Blenheim,	Monmouth,
Bellerophon,	Hector.

His Lordship left ten sail of the line off Cadiz, to continue the blockade of that port.—The fleet had plenty of fresh provisions and wine, the ships allowance being a pint of wine a day, and the Queen of Portugal allowed a pint of wine and a pound of soft bread per diem.

Letters received by the last Lisbon mail actually state, that the Spanish troops were filing off towards the frontier of France, to prevent the French troops from entering Spain, under a pretence of invading Portugal.

November 14.

An Ambassador Extraordinary from the Court of Lisbon is on his way to this country, in order to be on the spot, to consult with his Majesty's Ministers on any emergency.

In consequence of the new rule of Exchequer bills, the funds yesterday felt a depression of half per cent.

Advices have been received at the Admiralty from Sir John B. Warren, of the French armament a defeat upon the coast of Cornwall.

Overtures have been made from the Court of Spain to this country, for a renewal of amity, with a view to the recommencement of hostility with France! The King of Prussia is collecting a large army, and will soon be subsidized by England, with the same view.

The last despatches from Admiral Earl St. Vincent state, that the Spanish were laying up all their ships, at Cadiz, for the winter. This circumstance induced his Lordship to return to the Tagus, having left a squadron to watch the enemy.

Lord St. Vincent has discovered, that the Tagus is navigable for vessels of 300 tons, at least 18 leagues higher than it has ever been imagined by the Portuguese, that even a man boat could venture. It was the watering party of the fleet, that made this discovery; they found, where the natives thought the navigation impracticable, four fathoms of water, and good anchorage.

Accounts received yesterday from the coast of France, contradict those on the authority of which it was some time since stated, that the fleet at Brest was dismantling; on the contrary, it is now said, great exertions are making

THE

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TUESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1798. [No. 1808.]

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State of RHODE-ISLAND, &c.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *December Session, A. D.* 1797.

RESOLVED, That the Holders of Notes and Securities, iſſued by this State, as deſcribed in an Act, entitled, "An Act for calling in the Notes and Securities iſſued by the State, for Services and Supplies during the late War with Great-Britain, which have not been liquidated and exchanged, and for giving the Holders of them New Securities," be and they hereby are authorized and permitted, any Time before the Firſt Day of July, *A. D.* 1798, to carry the ſaid Notes and ſecurities into the General Treaſury:—That the General Treaſurer be, and he hereby is, empowered and required, to liquidate and adjuſt ſuch Demands, in the Manner preſcribed by ſaid Act;—and that the General Treaſurer give Notice thereof, in the ſeveral News-Papers in this State.

General-Treaſurer's Office.

IN Obedience to the afore-recited Act of the General Aſſembly, I do hereby Invite, and Requeſt, all Perſons, poſſeſſing any of the afore-mentioned Notes and Securities, to bring or ſend them to this Office, (if ſent, to be accompanied with an Order for the New Certificate, that will be iſſued in Lieu of the Old Debt) that they may avail themſelves of the Benefit of the Law, and the State aſcertain the Amount of the Sum ſhe is indebted.

H. SHERBURNE, *Gen Treaſurer.*
Newport, Jan 29, 1798.

HOLMES WEAVER,

CABINET and CHAIR MAKER,

INFORMS the Citizens of Newport and its Vicinity, That he has taken a Shop in Meeting ſtreet, a little Northward of the Printing Office, where he carries on the above Buſineſs in all its various Branches.

He flatters himſelf that an anxious Solicitude to pleaſe, will inſure him the Patronage of a generous Public, in an Art conducive to Elegance: aſſuring them they ſhall be ſupplied with every Article in his Line as cheap as can be procured (of an equal Quality) in New-York or Philadelphia.

The moſt faſhionable and approved Patterns will be conſtantly procured and neatly executed.

All Kinds of inlaid and ornamental Work done in the moſt fanciful Manner.

Likewiſe, beautiful japan Varniſhing done at the moſt reduced Prices, and is the higheſt and moſt tranſparent Poliſh hitherto invented.

N. B. The above Varniſh may be applied to old Furniture, without the Trouble of moving it.

Newport, Jan 22, 1798.

For Sale, by

Baker & Anthony

At their Store, formerly occupied by Mr. STEPHEN PIERCE, at the Head of Bannifter's Wharf,

BRANDY by the Pipe, Quarter-Caſk and Gallon, 1ſt, 2d, and 4th Proof; Weſt-India Rum, by the Barrel or Gallon; New England Rum by the Barrel or Gallon; Geneva by the Barrel or Gallon; Brown Sugar by the Barrel; White Spaniſh Force by Ditto; Loaf Sugar by the Hundred or Loaf.

Flour by the Barrel, fine and ſuperfine; Souchong Tea, by the Dozen or Pound; a general Aſſortment of Glaſs Ware; Liverpool Crockery Ware, conſiſting of beſt printed, enamel'd, pencil'd and common Ditto; an elegant Aſſortment of Morocco Shoes; Coarſe and Fine Salt.

Alſo a Variety of other Articles, in the Grocery Line, which they will diſpoſe of, at a reduced Price for Caſh.

N. B. They want to purchaſe a Thouſand Buſhels of FLAXSEED.

For SALE, by

SIMON DAVIS,

BRANDY and Holland Gin per Pipe, Barrel or ſmaller Quantity,
Jamaica Spirits, St. Croix, Antigua and New England Rum per Hogſhead,
Sugar per Hogſhead or Barrel,
Moliſſes per Hogſhead, Tierce or Barrel,
Very good fine and ſuper-fine Flour,
Welch's Chocolate, N° 1 and 2, freſh,
A few Half Barrels of good Rice,
Freſh Raiſins per Caſk,
Sherry and Lisbon Wine per Quarter Caſk.

The above mentioned Articles by Retail.

Alſo Crockery and Glaſs Ware by Wholeſale and Retail; and many other Articles in the Grocery Line.—Likewiſe a few Thouſand of Shingles and Laths—London Porter.

Newport, Jan 22, 1797.

Ethan Clarke

HAS not been able to cloſe his Buſineſs as he wiſhed, therefore cannot leave Home as he intended.—He has for Sale, Iron Cabouſes of different Kinds and Sizes; Kitchen Stoves finiſhed and unfiniſhed; Open and Cloſe Stoves and Anchors of all Sizes. He alſo receives Goods for ſale on Commiſſion, and advances Money on the Receipt thereof if wanted. Inquire at his Houſe, next Eaſtward of Mr. TOWNSEND's Coffee-Houſe.

He has alſo for Sale,
MOLASSES, in Hogſheads and Tierces, ſuitable for retailing.

Newport, Dec 26, 1797.

For SALE, by

SIMEON MARTIN,

MOLASSES, Sugar, Coffee, and New-England Rum, by the Hogſhead or Barrel;—Cotton, by the Bag;—and, 2000 Buſhels of the beſt St. Ubes Salt.

For Sale, by

THOMAS HANDY,

At the Sugar Houſe lately improved by Meſſieurs OVERING & AUCHMUTY,

Single and double-refined, and Lump Sugar, by the Quantity, or ſingle Loaf.—Alſo, MOLASSES of a ſuperior Quality, for retailing.

To be LET, or SOLD,

A FARM, belonging to the Subſcriber and containing about 300 Acres in North-Kingſtown, about Three Miles and a Half W. S. W. from Boſſell's Mills. Said Farm has on it a Sufficiency of Wood, an old and a young Orchard; has a Dwelling-Houſe and an excellent Barn almoſt new, with a Corn Crib, &c. Said Farm lies about Half a Mile from the Epiſcopal Church.—For Terms apply to Peter Phillips, Eſq; in Wickford, or the Subſcriber.

Alſo to LET, as ſoon as may be wanted,
Five ſeparate Lots of Land, at the North End of this Town, in excellent Order, either for Meadows or Paſturing; and likewiſe a Houſe and Two Lots of Land lying in Portſmouth, on the Eaſt Road, about Five Miles from this Town.—For further Particulars inquire of OLIVER R. WARNER.

Newport, Dec. 26, 1797.

The Subſcribers being appointed by the Town Council, of Tiverton, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims againſt the Eſtate of ABRAHAM BARKER, Eſq; late of ſaid Tiverton, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent; hereby give Notice, that they will attend ſaid Buſineſs at the Dwelling Houſe of Joſeph Barker, Eſq; in ſaid Town, on the laſt Saturday in this and the Five following Months, from Two to Six o'Clock, P. M.

WILLIAM NORTON,
WILLIAM HUMPHRY.

Tiverton, January 1, 1798

Thoſe Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are requeſted to make Payment to

JOSEPH BARKER, } *Adminiſtrators.*
JOSEPH DURFEE, }

Chriſtopher Fowler & Co.

Have for Sale, at their Store, on Mr. LANGLEY's *Wharf,*

FRENCH Brandy, 1ſt and 4th Proof; and beſt Holland Geneva, per Pipe or Barrel.

15 Puncheons firſt Quality Old Windward Iſland Rum, 31 Proof and excellent Flavour.

Jamaica Spirits, and New England Rum, per Hogſhead.

Madeira, Sherry, and Malaga Wines, per Quarter Caſk.

Gunpowder, Hyſon, and Souchong Teas, per Cheſt or leſſer Quantity.

Jamaica Sugars per Hogſhead or Barrel.
Havannah Ditto per Box.
Pepper and Pimento, per Bag.
Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace and Caſſia, per lb.
Rumney's beſt & No. 2 Chocolate, per Box.
Sweet Oil & Anchovies, per Box or Dozen.
Cotton per Bag; Ginger per bbl. Starch.
Beſt Heart and Club German Steel, per Fagot or Bar; Sewing Twine.
White Lead and Spaniſh Brown, per Caſk,
Houſe and Hearth Bruſhes per Dozen.
An Aſſortment of Glaſs Ware.

A conſtant Supply of Superfine and Common Flour per Barrel and Half Barrel—and a Variety of other Articles, which they will ſell on the moſt moderate Terms.

Newport, Jan. 22, 1798.

Freſh Raiſins and Currants

JUST ARRIVED.

JAMAICA Spirits, very excellent—Saint Croix Rum 3d Proof, and New-England Rum, by the Hogſhead or Barrel,

Malaga and Sherry Wine, by the Quarter-Caſk.

Brandy, French and Spaniſh, by the Pipe or Barrel; from 4th Proof to 1ſt.

Window Glaſs by the Box.

York Soap (Goodeve & Brown) by the Box.

Rice, in Tierces; as good as any at Market.

Chocolate, Cundell's, Newell's, and Watertown Manufactory.

London Porter by the Caſk; Brown Stout ditto.

French Indigo by the Quantity.

Very excellent SWEET OIL, in Caſes of 12 Bottles each.

A few Caſks of LINSEED OIL.

Cotton Wool and Pepper, with other Articles in the Grocery Line.

The above Articles will be ſold on ſuch Terms as cannot fail to give Satisfaction to the Purchaſer, on a fair Trial of the Goods at his Store in Thames Street, lately occupied by Mr. Ethan Clarke.

NATH. B. MILLER.

November 22, 1797.

John Hadwen

Hereby informs his Cuſtomers,

That he has removed from the Houſe of the late Governor WANTON, to the Houſe next North, on the ſame Side of the Street, where he continues his Buſineſs as uſual.

To be Sold, by

WILLIAM WHITE,

In Bread Street,

Charcoal and Sea-Coal, by the Chaldron or Buſhel.

Newport, Dec 26, 1797.

THE Subſcribers being appointed by the Town Council of Portſmouth, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims againſt the Eſtate of ROBERT FISH, late of Portſmouth, deceaſed, repreſented inſolvent; and Six Months longer being allowed by ſaid Council, for that Purpoſe, we hereby give Notice to all Perſons having any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, to exhibit them, to either of us, within the above Term.

HENRY LAWTON,
BENJAMIN FREEBORN.

And all Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate Payment to

BATHSHEBA FISH, *Adminiſtratrix.*

Portſmouth, 8th of 11ſt Month, 1798.

Late Foreign Intelligence.

By the ſhip Alexander, Capt. Gerry, arrived 3d inſt at Norfolk, in 36 days from Glaſgow, (Scotland) London Papers to the 21ſt November, and Glaſgow the 24th have been received. They contain the following:

PARIS, November 10.

IT is ſaid that the Directory demands of the American Plenipotentiaries: 1ſt, whether their inſtructions allow them to give ſatisfaction for the outrage offered to the French government, in the ſpeech the Preſident made on the 16th of May laſt, at the opening of Congreſs? And adly, Whether they are authorized to re eſtabliſh the reſpective poſitions in which the States ſtood in 1778, and to annul in the poſterior treaties all the clauſes injurious to the intereſts of the French Republic?

November 11.

The negotiations at Udina were at the point of being broken off on the evening before the ſigning of the Treaty of peace. The Auſtrian plenipotentiaries obſtinately refuſed to cede Mantua. Buonaparte, impatient of the reſiſtance, declared the conferences to be finiſhed, and that the ſword ſhould decide the diſpute. He roſe, and taking up his hat ſuddenly, the feather in it ſtruck againſt ſome preculane vaſes of the richeſt kind, and threw them down. He begged pardon of the Auſtrian Commiſſioners, and obſerved, he was ſorry they would ſoon have no brick ſtill more valuable veſſels. He left Udina immediately and returned to his head quarters at Paſſeriano. Next day at 5 o'clock in the morning, the marquis de Gallo came to him, and declared that the Emperor would agree to the conditions offered on the night before. The peace was ſigned in the courſe of the day.

LONDON, November 7.

Government have very liberally granted the full pay of an Engliſh Admiral to the Dutch Admiral De Winter, and his brother Officers of that rank, during their ſtay in this Country.

November 11.

Diſpatches were received at the Admiralty, from Admiral Lord St. Vincent, dated from the Tagus, where his Lordſhip arrived on the 19th ult. with the following ſhips belonging to his fleet.

Ville de Paris,	Swiftſure,
Prince George,	Majeſtic,
Namur,	Gibraltar,
Princeſs Royal,	Defence,
Blenheim,	Monitaur,
Bellerophon,	Hector.

His Lordſhip left ten ſail of the line off Cadiz, to continue the blockade of that port.—The fleet had plenty of freſh proviſions and wine, the ſhips allowance being a pint of wine a day, and the Queen of Portugal allowed a pint of wine and a pound of ſoft bread per diem.

Letters received by the laſt Liſbon mail actually ſtate, that the Spaniſh troops were ſtiling off towards the frontier of France, to prevent the French troops from entering Spain, under a pretence of invading Portugal.

November 14.

An Ambaſſador Extraordinary from the Court of Liſbon is on his way to this country, in order to be on the ſpot, to conſult with his Majeſty's Miniſters on any emergency.

In conſequence of the new iſſue of Exchequer bills, the funds yeſterday felt a depreſſion of half per cent.

Advices have been received at the Admiralty from Sir John B. Warren, of the French meditating a deſcent upon the coaſt of Cornwall.

Overtures have been made from the Court of Spain to this country, for a renewal of amity, with a view to the recommencement of hoſtility with France! The King of Pruſſia is collecting a large army, and will ſoon be ſubſidized by England, with the ſame view.

The laſt deſpatches from Admiral Earl St. Vincent ſtate, that the Spaniſh were laying up all their ſhips, at Cadiz, for the winter. This circumſtance induced his Lordſhip to return to the Tagus, having left a ſquadron to watch the enemy.

Lord St. Vincent has diſcovered, that the Tagus is navigable for veſſels of 300 tons, at leaſt 12 leagues higher than it has ever been imagined by the Portugueſe, that even a ſmall boat could venture. It was the watering party of the fleet, that made this diſcovery; they found, where the natives thought the navigation impracticable, four fathoms of water, and good anchorage.

Accounts received yeſterday from the coaſt of France, contradict thoſe on the authority of which it was ſome time ſince ſtated, that the fleet at Breſt was diſmantling; on the contrary, it is now ſaid, great exertions are making

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Under ſuch circumſtances we feel the duty which we owe, in this great criſis, to God and to our country. Animated by the ſame ſentiments which your majeſty has been pleaſed to declare to your people and to the world; attached to your majeſty by principle, duty and gratitude, and ſenſible that it is only from courage, and a meaſure that we can look, either for preſent ſafety or permanent peace; we are determined to defend, with unbroken reſolution, your Majeſty's Throne, the lives and properties of our fellow ſubjects, the government and conſtitution of our country, and the honour and independence of the Britiſh Empire.—We know that great exertions are neceſſary; we are prepared to make them; and placing our firm reliance on that divine protection which has always hitherto been extended to us, will ſupport your Majeſty to the utmoſt, and ſtand or fall with our Religion, Laws and Liberties.

HIS MAJESTY'S MOST GRACIOUS ANSWER.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Nothing can be more ſatisfactory to me, than this unanimous declaration of the ſentiments of my two Houſes of Parliament. They are ſuch as the conduct and declared intentions of the enemy could not fail to produce. We are engaged in a cauſe which is common to us all; and contending for every intereſt which a free and independent nation can have to maintain. Under the bleſſing of Providence, I look with confidence to the iſſue of this great conteſt: but in every event, my reſolution is taken. It is ſuch as I owe to God, to my country, and to myſelf; and it is confirmed by the ſentiments which you have this day declared to me: I will not be wanting to my people, but will ſtand or fall with them, in the defence of our religion, and in the maintenance of the independence, laws, and liberties of theſe kingdoms.

PRESIDENT'S BIRTH-DAY.

CELEBRATION OF THE PRESIDENT'S BIRTH-DAY AT LISBON.

Thurſday the 19th of Oct. being the anniverſary of the Preſident's birth, was celebrated at Liſbon by Mr. Smith, the miniſter of the United States at that court, who gave on the occaſion an entertainment at his hotel at Buenos Ayres, to a numerous and reſpectable company of American Captains and Citizens. After ſixteen patriotic toaſts, intermixed with convivial ſongs, the company having ſpent the day with great good humor and feſtivity, broke up at 9 o'clock, much pleaſed with the occaſion which had collected together ſo many Americans at ſuch a diſtance from home. All the American veſſels in the harbour were gaily decorated, and at twelve o'clock a federal ſalute of ſixteen guns was fired by ſome of them in honor of the day, and at five o'clock in the afternoon the ſalute was repeated. This anniverſary occurring on a day, highly diſtinguiſhed in the annals of the American revolution, by the ſurrender of York Town, the recollection of ſo auſpicious an event could not fail to encreaſe the happineſs of the company.

TOASTS

Given at the American miniſter's at Liſbon, on the celebration of the Preſident's birth-day, 19th October.

1. The day we celebrate, and long life and happineſs to the Preſident of the United States.

2 The United States—May they long enjoy peace, proſperity, and a free and ſucceſsful trade.

3 Her moſt Faithful Majeſty, the Queen of Portugal.

4. The late Preſident, George Waſhington, now the illuſtrious Farmer of Mount Vernon,

5 To the memory of the American Heroes, who fell before the lines of York-Town.

6 The Marquis De La Fayette and the other ſurviving conquerors of York Town.

7. An early and permanent reconciliation between the United States and the French Republic, on terms honorable to both.

8 A ſpeedy and laſting peace between the belligerent powers.

9 The American flag—may it wave unmoleſted in every quarter of the globe, and our navigation be as reſpected, as our navigators are reſpectable.

10 To the recovery of Mr. John Bulkeley, the firſt friend of the United States.

11. The late Miniſter of the United States at Liſbon.

12. The Secretary of State of the United States.

13 The Secretary of the Treaſury of the United States.

14. The Secretary of War of the United States.

15 The American Envoys at Paris.

16. Smooth ſeas and pleaſant gales.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

HOUSE of REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, January 15

Mr. Tellinghaſt, agreeably to the notice he gave on Friday laſt, propoſed a reſolution for the adoption of the houſe, to the following effect:

"Reſolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill for the purpoſe of repealing the act of Congreſs paſſed the laſt ſeſſion levying a duty on ſtamped vellum, parchment and paper."

Mr. J. Williams wiſhed this reſolution might be ſo altered as to go to the committee of ways and means, who, having the ſubject of revenue generally under conſideration, were, of courſe, the beſt judges as to the propriety of repealing the act in queſtion. But before the reſolution was referred, he wiſhed to amend it by adding, "alſo the act laying an additional duty on ſalt imported into the United States." His reaſon for wiſhing the reſolution to be thus amended was, that when the ſtamp act had been agreed to, a propoſition, (which had before been rejected) was brought forward, towards the cloſe of the ſeſſion, when many of the members were gone home, for laying an additional duty on ſalt, which it was ſaid was neceſſary to ſtand againſt the ſtamp act, which would fall principally upon the commercial and monied part of our citizens. If, therefore, a repeal of the ſtamp act which chiefly affected thoſe intereſts, was to come under conſideration, he wiſhed the ſalt tax, which principally affected the agricultural intereſt, alſo to be conſidered, and that both ſhould be referred to the committee of ways and means together, that they might report upon the whole ſubject at the ſame time.

The ſpeaker declared the motion for a reference to be firſt in order.

Mr. Harper hoped the reſolution would not be agreed to, as he held a report in his hand on the petition from Virginia, praying for a repeal of the ſtamp act, which of courſe involved the ſubject of the reſolution.

Mr. Rutledge thought the reſolution would not be agreed to. He believed it was of more importance than it ſeemed to be conſidered by the Houſe; as it did not propoſe to appoint a committee to inquire into the expediency of repealing the law in queſtion, but for the ſpecial purpoſe of reporting a bill for the repeal of the law. Had the former mode been adopted, he ſhould not have objected to it.

The ſpeaker obſerved, that the motion was to refer the reſolution to the committee of ways and means, who would of courſe report upon the expediency of the meaſure propoſed.

Mr. Dent propoſed to poſtpone the further conſideration of the reſolution until tomorrow, when it could be referred to the ſame Committee of the whole, to whom were referred the report which the Chairman of the committee of ways and means had ſaid he was prepared to make on this ſubject, and then both applications would come under conſideration at the ſame time.

After ſome little converſation on the ſubject, which went chiefly to ſhew that as the petition from Virginia was to the ſame purpoſe with this reſolution, the report of the Committee of ways and means upon it muſt be the ſame which would be made upon this reſolution if referred to them.—This motion was carried.

Mr. Harper, from the Committee of ways and means, made the report (which had been alluded to) on the petition of certain freeholders of Somerſet, Suſſex and Prince George, in Virginia, praying for a repeal of the ſtamp act. The report ſtated, that in the opinion of the Committee of ways and means, it would be inexpedient to repeal the ſaid act, and that therefore the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition. This report was referred to a Committee of the whole, and made the order for Monday next.

Tueſday, January 16.

A report from the committee on naval defence, was read containing eſtimates and ſtatements of what is further neceſſary to complete the three frigates, and recommending further appropriations for that object; alſo a ſum for the purchaſe of armed veſſels, for the defence of our commerce and ſea coaſts; alſo for the eſtabliſhment of a cannon foundary.

The total ſum required for finiſhing, manning, and arming the three frigates was 396 212 dollars.

The report of the committee was referred to a committee of the whole on Monday next.

Wedneſday, January 17.

A meſſage was received from the Preſident of the United States reſpecting the expediency of a treaty with the Cherokee nation of Indians. A motion for a reference of the above to the committee of the whole was carried, without a diviſion.

Mr. Surgreaves ſaid he underſtood, from what he had ſeen in the newſpapers, and from what he had heard ſince his return, that conſiderable impatience had been ſhewn in a part of the houſe, in his abſence, for the report of articles of impeachment againſt William Blount. He ſuppoſed it was not neceſſary he ſhould now go into a ſtatement of the reaſons which had led to the delay—though, if it were neceſſary, he doubted not, he could explain the ſubject to the full conviction of every member. He only roſe, however, to ſay, that in the courſe of two or three days, he ſhould make the report.

Thurſday, January 18.

The Speaker laid before the houſe a report from the Secretary of War, enclaſing an eſtimate of the ſum neceſſary to defray the expence of holding a treaty with the Cherokee Indians:

For 3 Commiſſioners, 90 days, at 8 dollars each per day,	2 160
For travelling expences	360
For the Secretary, 90 days, at 4 dollars per day,	360
For rations for 2000 Indians, 45 days, at 15 cents per ration,	15 000
For preſents to the Indians,	5 000
For ſtores for the Commiſſioners	2 000
For contingent expences,	1 000
Making in the whole, Dollars,	25 880

On motion this communication was referred to the committee of the whole on the Teneſſee memorial.

The Houſe then reſolved itſelf into a committee of the whole, on the foreign intercourſe bill. Mr. Dent in the chair.

A conſiderable debate enſued, when at length the committee roſe and reported progreſs, and had leave to ſit again.

CHARLESTON (S. C.) Dec. 23.

INLAND NAVIGATION.

In a Halifax (N. C.) paper of the 4th inſt. a publication is inſerted, from which it appears, that the inhabitants reſiding on the borders of the Carowhe river, in that ſtate, have, during the laſt ſummer, made it navigable for upwards of one hundred miles. A Mr. William Avery, at his own expenſe, cleared a ſpace of ſix miles, which was obſtructed by eight rapids and ſhoals, one of which was reported to be one of the worſt in the river. John's river, which is a branch that falls in with the Catawba, a little below Burke court-houſe, is reported to be now paſſable, with a ſmall ſwell, for boats, which will carry 10 hogſheads of tobacco. Mr. Avery, who ſigns the publication, ſays, that this honorable beginning, and important progreſs in the work, is more than ſufficient to inſure the accompliſhment of what remains to be done.

December 22.

Extract of a letter from Capt. Samuel Hayward commander of the ſhip Gadſden, of this port, dated on board the Gadſden, on the 22d of Nov laſt, then at ſea in lat. 37.

"On the 10th inſt. at midnight, I was brought to by the Britiſh frigate Thetis, near the Florida Reef. Capt. Cochran ſent his boat on board, and ordered me with my papers on board the frigate; though on examining them all the property in the ſhip was found to be American, he ſent me on board with an officer and 17 men, and took out my mate and all the crew, except a boy, and ordered the ſhip for Halifax. My cargo is 1700 boxes of Sugar, all belonging to merchants in Charleſton, and 11,000 dollars in ſpecie, alſo belonging to gentlemen in that city.—What reaſon there can be for taking the ſhip and ſending her to Halifax, I cannot tell. I ſhall uſe every means in my power to get her clear as ſoon as poſſible. This morning I fell in with the frigate again; Capt. Cochran ſent his boat on board and took out all the caſh—What his intention is I cannot ſurmiſe. I think if there is any law or juſtice remaining among the Britiſh heavy damages will be recovered for this procedure. It appears they are determined to take all the Americans from the Havanna."

Count Theodore Van Balhiany, of Vienna, has lately invented a veſſel which can make its way in the water with the ſmalleſt aid from men. The experiment was tried on the 17th of September on the Danube. Although the machine contained a weight of more than 700 quintals, a barge and a ſhallope together equal to 450 quintals, were attached to it; the machine, notwithſtanding this great weight, mounted upwards againſt the moſt rapid ſtream of the river as eaſy as without this additional burden. If this invention, which is ſtated in the Vienna Court Gazette, could be reduced to general practice without a great addition of expence, it certainly would prove a great advantage to inland navigation.

RICHMOND (Virginia) Jan. 6.

On Friday laſt the Houſe of Delegates, paſſed a reſolution, declaring that all thoſe laws which veſted property in the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church, and acknowledged that church as eſtabliſhed, or capable of being hereafter eſtabliſhed, were a violation of the principles of the conſtitution, and contrary to the right of religious freedom, and ought therefore to be repealed. The votes on this important queſtion, were 96 to 47.—A bill is directed to be brought in, purſuant to the above reſolution, and Mr. William O. Callis, Mr. John Taylor, and Mr. Munford, are appointed to prepare the ſame.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 12.

One of the public Inſurance Companies of this city, has loſt, by French captures, ſince the commencement of the war with Great-Britain, Seven Hundred Thouſand Dollars, and by Britiſh Captures Two Hundred Thouſand.

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The humble addreſs of the Right Hon. the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, preſented to his Majeſty on Wedneſday, November 15, 1797, with his Majeſty's anſwer.

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, Commons in Parliament aſſembled, have taken into our moſt ſerious conſideration the papers which your Majeſty has been pleaſed to direct to be laid before us, on the ſubject of the negociation into which your Majeſty had entered, with a view of reſtoring to your people a ſafe and honourable peace. In every ſtage of that tranſaction, we have recognized your Majeſty's invariable and unremitted ſolicitude for our proſperity and welfare; while we have ſeen on the other hand the moſt abundant proofs of the continuance of that ſpirit of inveterate animoſity and deſperate ambition on the part of our enemies, in which the preſent conteſt firſt originated. Your majeſty's conduct characterized by an unexampled moderation, openneſs and conſiſtency, has left to the enemy no pretence of evaſion, no ſubterfuge of diſguiſe or artifice. It can no longer be denied that their conduct is actuated by a fixed determination of excluding all means of peace, and of purſuing, at all hazards, their hoſtile deſigns againſt the happineſs and ſafety of theſe kingdoms. Even the vain pretence of pacific diſpoſitions is now abandoned, and the real purpoſe of all their councils, and all their meaſures is at length openly and publicly to be avowed. It is to our laws and government that they have declared their irreconcilable hatred. No ſacrifice will content them, but that of our Liberty; no conceſſion, but that of our envied and happy conſtitution.

Under ſuch circumſtances we feel the duty which we owe, in this great criſis, to God and to our country. Animated by the ſame ſentiments which your majeſty has been pleaſed to declare to your people and to the world; attached to your majeſty by principle, duty and gratitude, and ſenſible that it is only from courage, and a meaſure that we can look, either for preſent ſafety or permanent peace; we are determined to defend, with unſhaken reſolution, your Majeſty's Throne, the lives and properties of our fellow ſubjects, the government and conſtitution of our country, and the honour and independence of the Britiſh Empire.—We know that great exertions are neceſſary; we are prepared to make them; and placing our firm reliance on that divine protection which has always hitherto been extended to us, will ſupport your Majeſty to the utmoſt, and ſtand or fall with our Religion, Laws and Liberties.

HIS MAJESTY'S MOST GRACIOUS ANSWER.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Nothing can be more ſatisfactory to me, than this unanimous declaration of the ſentiments of my two Houſes of Parliament. They are ſuch as the conduct and declared intentions of the enemy could not fail to produce. We are engaged in a cauſe which is common to us all; and contending for every intereſt which a free and independent nation can have to maintain. Under the bleſſing of Providence, I look with confidence to the iſſue of this great conteſt: but in every event, my reſolution is taken. It is ſuch as I owe to God, to my country, and to myſelf; and it is confirmed by the ſentiments which you have this day declared to me. I will not be wanting to my people, but will ſtand or fall with them, in the defence of our religion, and in the maintenance of the independence, laws, and liberties of theſe kingdoms.

PRESIDENT's BIRTH-DAY.

CELEBRATION OF THE PRESIDENT'S BIRTH-DAY AT LISBON.

Thurſday the 19th of Oct. being the anniverſary of the Preſident's birth, was celebrated at Liſbon by Mr. Smith, the miniſter of the United States at that court, who gave on the occaſion an entertainment at his hotel at Buenos Ayres, to a numerous and reſpectable company of American Captains and Citizens. After ſixteen patriotic toaſts, intermixed with convivial ſongs, the company having ſpent the day with great good humor and feſtivity, broke up at 9 o'clock, much pleaſed with the occaſion which had collected together ſo many Americans at ſuch a diſtance from home. All the American veſſels in the harbour were gaily decorated, and at twelve o'clock a federal ſalute of ſixteen guns was fired by ſome of them in honor of the day, and at five o'clock in the afternoon the ſalute was repeated. This anniverſary occurring on a day highly diſtinguiſhed in the annals of the American revolution, by the ſurrender of York Town, the recollection of ſo auſpicious an event could not fail to encreaſe the happineſs of the company.

TOASTS

Given at the American miniſter's at Liſbon, on the celebration of the Preſident's birth-day, 19th October.

1. The day we celebrate, and long life and happineſs to the Preſident of the United States.

2. The United States—May they long enjoy peace, proſperity, and a free and ſucceſsful trade.

3 Her moſt Faithful Majeſty, the Queen of Portugal.

4. The late Preſident, George Waſhington, now the illuſtrious Farmer of Mount Vernon,

5 To the memory of the American Heroes, who fell before the lines of York-Town.

6 The Marquis De La Fayette and the other ſurviving conquerors of York Town.

7. An early and permanent reconciliation between the United States and the French Republic, on terms honorable to both.

8 A ſpeedy and laſting peace between the belligerent powers.

9 The American flag—may it wave unmoleſted in every quarter of the globe, and our navigation be as reſpected, as our navigators are reſpectable.

10 To the recovery of Mr. John Bulkeley, the ſteady friend of the United States.

11. The late Miniſter of the United States at Liſbon.

12. The Secretary of State of the United States.

13 The Secretary of the Treaſury of the United States.

14. The Secretary of War of the United States.

15 The American Envoys at Paris.

16. Smooth ſeas and pleaſant gales.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

HOUSE of REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, January 15.

Mr. Tillinghaſt, agreeably to the notice he gave on Friday laſt, propoſed a reſolution for the adoption of the houſe, to the following effect:

"Reſolved, That a committee be appointed to bring in a bill for the purpoſe of repealing the act of Congreſs paſſed the laſt ſeſſion levying a duty on ſtamped vellum, parchment and paper."

Mr. J. Williams wiſhed this reſolution might be ſo altered as to go to the committee of ways and means, who, having the ſubject of revenue generally under conſideration, were, of courſe, the beſt judges as to the propriety of repealing the act in queſtion. But before the reſolution was referred, he wiſhed to amend it by adding, "alſo the act laying an additional duty on ſalt imported into the United States." His reaſon for wiſhing the reſolution to be thus amended was, that when the ſtamp act had been agreed to, a propoſition, (which had before been rejected) was brought forward, towards the cloſe of the ſeſſion, when many of the members were gone home, for laying an additional duty on ſalt, which it was ſaid was neceſſary to ſtand againſt the ſtamp act, which would fall principally upon the commercial and monied part of our citizens. If, therefore, a repeal of the ſtamp act which chiefly affected thoſe intereſts, was to come under conſideration, he wiſhed the ſalt tax, which principally affected the agricultural intereſt, alſo to be conſidered, and that both ſhould be referred to the committee of ways and means together, that they might report upon the whole ſubject at the ſame time.

The ſpeaker declared the motion for a reference to be firſt in order.

Mr. Harper hoped the reſolution would not be agreed to, as he held a report in his hand on the petition from Virginia, praying for a repeal of the ſtamp act, which of courſe involved the ſubject of the reſolution.

Mr. Rutledge truſted the reſolution would not be agreed to. He believed it was of more importance than it ſeemed to be conſidered by the Houſe; as it did not propoſe to appoint a committee to inquire into the expediency of repealing the law in queſtion, but for the ſpecial purpoſe of reporting a bill for the repeal of the law. Had the former mode been adopted, he ſhould not have objected to it.

The ſpeaker obſerved, that the motion was to refer the reſolution to the committee of ways and means, who would of courſe report upon the expediency of the meaſure propoſed.

Mr. Dent propoſed to poſtpone the further conſideration of the reſolution until tomorrow, when it could be referred to the ſame Committee of the whole, to whom were referred the report which the Chairman of the committee of ways and means had ſaid he was prepared to make on this ſubject, and then both applications would come under conſideration at the ſame time.

After ſome little converſation on the ſubject, which went chiefly to ſhew that as the petition from Virginia was to the ſame purpoſe with this reſolution, the report of the Committee of ways and means upon it muſt be the ſame which would be made upon this reſolution if referred to them.—This motion was carried.

Mr. Harper, from the Committee of ways and means, made the report (which had been alluded to) on the petition of certain freeholders of Somerſet, Suſſex and Prince George, in Virginia, praying for a repeal of the ſtamp act. The report ſtated, that in the opinion of the Committee of ways and means, it would be inexpedient to repeal the ſaid act, and that therefore the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition. This report was referred to a Committee of the whole, and made the order for Monday next.

Tueſday, January 16.

A report from the committee on naval defence, was read containing eſtimates and ſtatements of what is further neceſſary to complete the three frigates, and recommending further appropriations for that object; alſo a ſum for the purchaſe of armed veſſels, for the defence of our commerce and ſea coaſts; alſo for the eſtabliſhment of a cannon foundary.

The total ſum required for finiſhing, manning, and arming the three frigates was 396 212 dollars.

The report of the committee was referred to a committee of the whole on Monday next.

Wedneſday, January 17.

A meſſage was received from the Preſident of the United States reſpecting the expediency of a treaty with the Cherokee nation of Indians. A motion for a reference of the above to the committee of the whole was carried, without a diviſion.

Mr. Sitgreaves ſaid he underſtood, from what he had ſeen in the newſpapers, and from what he had heard ſince his return, that conſiderable impatience had been ſhewn in a part of the houſe, in his abſence, for the report of articles of impeachment againſt William Blount. He ſuppoſed it was not neceſſary he ſhou'd now go into a ſtatement of the reaſons which had led to the delay—though, if it were neceſſary, he doubted not, he could explain the ſubject to the full conviction of every member. He only roſe, however, to ſay, that in the courſe of two or three days, he ſhould make the report.

Thurſday, January 18.

The Speaker laid before the houſe a report from the Secretary of War, enclosing an eſtimate of the ſum neceſſary to defray the expence of holding a treaty with the Cherokee Indians:

For 3 Commiſſioners, 90 days, at 8 dollars each per day,	2 160
For travelling expences	360
For the Secretary, 90 days, at 4 dollars per day,	360
For rations for 2000 Indians, 45 days, at 15 cents per ration,	15,000
For preſents to the Indians,	5 000
For horſes for the Commiſſioners	3 000
For contingent expences,	1,000
Making in the whole, Dollars,	25 880

On motion this communication was referred to the committee of the whole on the Treaſe memorial.

The Houſe then reſolved itſelf into a committee of the whole, on the foreign intercourſe bill. Mr. Dent in the chair.

A conſiderable debate enſued, when at length the committee roſe and reported progreſs, and had leave to ſit again.

CHARLESTON (S. C.) Dec. 23.

INLAND NAVIGATION.

In a Halifax (N. C.) paper of the 4th inſt. a publication is inſerted, from which it appears, that the inhabitants reſiding on the borders of the Catawba river, in that ſtate, have, during the laſt ſummer, made it navigable for upwards of one hundred miles. A Mr. William Avery, at his own expenſe, cleared a ſpace of ſix miles, which was obſtructed by eight rapids and ſhoals, one of which was reported to be one of the worſt in the river. John's river, which is a branch that falls in with the Catawba, a little below Burke court-houſe, is reported to be now paſſable, with a ſmall ſwell, for boats, which will carry 10 hogſheads of tobacco. Mr. Avery, who ſigns the publication, ſays, that this honorable beginning, and important progreſs in the work, is more than ſufficient to inſure the accompliſhment of what remains to be done.

December 12.

Extract of a letter from Capt. Samuel Hayward commander of the ſhip Gadſden, of this port, dated on board the Gadſden, on the 22d of Nov laſt, then at ſea in lat. 37.

"On the 10th inſt. at midnight, I was brought to by the Britiſh frigate Thetis, near the Florida Reef. Capt. Cochran ſent his boat on board, and ordered me with my papers on board the frigate; though on examining them all the property in the ſhip was found to be American, he ſent me on board with an officer and 17 men, and took out my mate and all the crew, except a boy, and ordered the ſhip for Halifax. My cargo is 1700 boxes of Sugar, all belonging to merchants in Charleſton, and 11,000 dollars in ſpecie, alſo belonging to gentlemen in that city.—What reaſon there can be for taking the ſhip and ſending her to Halifax, I cannot tell. I ſhall uſe every means in my power to get her clear as ſoon as poſſible. This morning I fell in with the frigate again; Capt. Cochran ſent his boat on board and took out all the caſh—What his intention is I cannot ſurmiſe. I think if there is any law or juſtice remaining among the Britiſh, heavy damages will be recovered for this procedure. It appears they are determined to take all the Americans from the Havanna."

Count Theodore Van Balhiany, of Vienna, has lately invented a veſſel which can make its way in the water with the ſmalleſt aid from men. The experiment was tried on the 17th of September on the Danube. Although the machine contained a weight of more than 700 quintals, a barge and a ſhallope together equal to 450 quintals, were attached to it; the machine, notwithſtanding this great weight, mounted upwards againſt the moſt rapid ſtream of the river as eaſy as without this additional burden. If this invention, which is ſtated in the Vienna Court Gazette, could be reduced to general practice without a great addition of expence, it certainly would prove a great advantage to inland navigation.

RICHMOND (*Virginia*) Jan. 6.

On Friday laſt the Houſe of Delegates, paſſed a reſolution, declaring that all thoſe laws which veſted property in the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church, and acknowledged that church as eſtabliſhed, or capable of being hereafter eſtabliſhed, were a violation of the principles of the conſtitution, and contrary to the right of religious freedom, and ought therefore to be repealed. The votes on this important queſtion, were 96 to 47.—A bill is directed to be brought in, purſuant to the above reſolution, and Mr. William O. Callis, Mr. John Taylor, and Mr. Munford, are appointed to prepare the ſame.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.

One of the public Inſurance Companies of this city, has loſt, by French captures, ſince the commencement of the war with Great-Britain, Seven Hundred Thouſand Dollars, and by Britiſh Captures Two Hundred Thouſand.

Jan. 19.

The Senate have concurred with the President of the United States in the choice of Fisher Ames, Bushrod Washington and Alfred Moore Esqrs. for holding a treaty with the Cherokee Indians, for the extinguishment of the Indian title to certain lands in the state of Tennessee.

Yesterday the ice in the Delaware began to move, and is now drifting.

January 19.

A gentleman who left Lisbon the 21 of November, and arrived a few days ago at Norfolk, contradicts the late rumours from that quarter, and positively asserts, that the ratification of the treaty of peace betwixt France and Portugal had been sent on to Paris some days previous to his departure; that Admiral Lord St. Vincents, who was with part of his fleet in that harbour, only waited the arrival of the counter ratification on the part of the French Directory to depart, agreeable to the tenor of the treaty:—That the kingdom of Spain enjoyed the most profound tranquillity:—That there had been no change in the ministry, but that the PRINCE OF PEACE was still in the confidence of his king and country—and that Citizen Perignon and his nation were as much in favour as ever.

The English frigate, Doris, Lord Ranelagh, has taken a new copper bottomed French ship of 20 guns and 186 men.

FROM THE AURORA.

Mr. BACHE,

You are requested by a subscriber to publish the enclosed extract, which will shew in what light the new pretensions set up by Mr. Monroe are considered abroad, and even in France, and at a period subsequent to the 4th of September.

Jan. 15th, 1798.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Europe, to his friend in Philadelphia, dated Oct. 20, 1797.

"*A summary of the correspondence between Mr. Pickering and Mr. Monroe was lately published from the* Gazette Nationale *of Paris, with a very judicious note from the editor, which overset Mr. Monroe's reasoning very completely. The paper was handed me by —— ——, a very sensible man, who says Mr. Monroe must be an ideot.—This affair having been read by the corps diplomatique, has been a good deal the subject of conversation; and Monroe's conduct has of course excited universal contempt.*"

From the "*Gazette Nationale de France,*" of Sunday, Sept. 24th, 1797.

TRANSLATION.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Philadelphia, 24th August.

James Monroe, Ambassador from the United States near the French republic, has just published his correspondence with Timothy Pickering, Secretary of State.

James Monroe in his letter of the 6th and 8th of July, demands the motives of his recall; "it is not conformable to the principles of an elective government, to blast the reputation of a citizen by a disgraceful recal without exhibiting the motives thereof. Let kings, says he, give no other reasons for dispensing favors or disgrace, than their good pleasure or caprice; but let it not be thus under a republican government"

Note by the Paris Editor.

We cannot concur in the opinion of James Monroe, which we even regard as contrary to every principle. A government which is responsible, must necessarily possess the right of recalling, removing or employing those who possess, or have lost their confidence — Deprive it of this right, and you leave it nothing but the burthen of responsibility without the power of acting. You leave it at the mercy of its agents. Neither a recal, moreover, nor even a removal, reflect dishonor, whatever Mr Monroe may say on the subject, and it is only ambitious and headstrong blunderers, who ever complain, either of not being employed at all, or of being removed.

NEW YORK, Jan 22.

We are informed the Secretary of State yesterday (Thursday) received a letter from Mr. Murray, our minister at the Hague, inclosing a letter he received from General Marshall, which informs, that the French government would not recognize the American Commission, and that they daily expected they would be obliged to quit the Republic. Mr. Murray's letter is dated Oct. 21.

A St. Vincent paper of the 18th ult contains an account of an unfortunate fracas between Lord Camelford commander of his majesty's ship Favorite, and some of the people at Barbadoes, occasioned by the impressing of some seamen, amongst whom were two apprentices which their master demanded. In this melancholy affair a seaman was killed, and a Mr. Chase, dangerously wounded. The Coroner's inquest sat on the body of the sailor, and from the evidence adduced found his lordship Guilty of murder.

Of 1980 men of Prince of Wales and Reban's foreign hussars at St Domingo only 160 had escaped the malignity of the yellow fever.

The Count d'Entraigues, in whose portfolio it was pretended the evidence of Pichegru's conspiracy was found, has been at Vienna, and declared, that not a single line was found among his papers, tending to prove the pretended plot. He was preparing a work for the press, the object of which was to prove his declaration; but the Emperor prohibited its publication in his dominions, and directed the Count to leave Vienna soon.

PORTSMOUTH (*N. H.*) Jan. 13.

On Tuesday last arrived here from the Isle of Shoals, Mr. John Farnum, belonging to Booth bay, on Damascotty river, about 37 leagues from this port.

The adventures of this unfortunate young man are remarkable, viz. He, with his brother (Mr. Hanson Farnum) and Mr. James M'Farland, were solicited by Capt. Brooks, of a sloop from Marblehead, to go to Heron Island, about two miles down the river, and help him get his sloop off from a reef of rocks which they had unfortunately got on. They very willingly went to assist Capt. Brooks, and when they had rendered every assistance possible, and had got the sloop off, they were invited on board said vessel, and, being chilled, they all drank very freely of spirits, after which the above named three men left the sloop in their canoe to go immediately home. Mr. John Farnum said, he felt fatigued and sleepy, and would lie down on some straw and take a nap, while his brother and Mr. M'Farland paddled the canoe up the river. His brother accordingly set Mr. M'Farland ashore on the eastern side of the river, where he lived, and then attempted to paddle the canoe to the western side, where he and his brother dwelt; but the wind blowing fresh and cold against him, and it growing dark, it is supposed he stood up in the canoe to thresh his arms, and staggered or fell overboard. His brother, who was asleep, never waked till he was near two leagues outside the White Island, driving to sea, when he found his brother and Mr. M'Farland missing, and he alone in the canoe, without either paddle or oars. After being at sea four days and nights, and in the last violent snow storm, without any thing to subsist on excepting snow, of which he supposes he eat half a bushel, on Tuesday morning the canoe drifted on shore to the Isle of Shoals, which being discovered by the inhabitants, they repaired to the canoe, and found him crawling on his hands and knees up over the rocks. They carried him to a house, and gave him some refreshment, which he very feebly partook of; and then some people brought him to this town on the same day, but in a very weak situation. Capts. Tuttle and Foster paid every attention to him while here, generously defrayed all his expences, and got a passage for him home, in a vessel bound directly to Booth bay.

Capt. Foster came from the place of Mr. Farnum's residence, since his absence, and says, he has a wife and three children; and his brother (whom they suppose to be drowned) had a wife and four children; who with the neighbours had been in search after them ever since, expecting to find them dead on the shore, buried up in snow.

BOSTON, Jan. 25.

Accounts are received, via Batavia, of a late date, that the British have extended their conquest in India, to the Dutch Island of Ternate, the most northerly of the Moluccas, formerly celebrated for their clove-trees, but which the Dutch, in the reign of King James I transplanted principally to the famous island of Amboyna, where their enormities convinced the world that Hollanders could be cruel.

The Crescent frigate has sailed from Portsmouth for Algiers. She is said to be a present from the United States to the Dey, as compensation for the delay of fulfilling our treaty stipulations.—Capt. Newman who commands her, as well as a number of her officers, and men, have been captives in Algiers.—Richard O'Brien, Esq. Consul of the United States, for Algeirs, has gone passenger in the Crescent.

NEWPORT, Jan. 30.

There has lately issued from the Aurora Press, in Philadelphia, a Book entitled, "A View of the Conduct of the Executive of the United States, connected with the Mission to the French Republic, during the Years 1794 1795 and 1796 by JAMES MONROE, late Minister Plenipotentiary to the said Republic; illustrated by his Instructions and Correspondence, and other authentic Documents."

Citizen Charles de la Croix is appointed Minister Plenipotentiary from France to the Batavian Republic, in the Room of Citizen Noel.

The French Directory have required of the Dutch Government, that they immediately repair the marine Loss they sustained in their late naval Defeat.

General Maitland is appointed to command the British Forces at St. Domingo.

And, General Simcoe succeeds Prescot, as Governor General of the British Settlements in America.

MARRIED]—"On Sunday the 21st Inst. Mr. GEORGE SOUTHWICK, to Miss ELIZABETH SERVAT both of this Town. A young Woman whose Character for Integrity, Industry, and, indeed, general good Conduct, renders her highly respected by her Friends and Acquaintance."

DIED]—At Sinate, much lamented, Mr. JOB FISK of that Town, aged 86 Years.

At Tiverton, Mr. RICHARD HAUTH, in 96th Year of his Age.

—At Portsmouth (on this Island) Mr. WILLIAM HALL, aged 84

—In this Town, on Sunday last, in the 59th Year of his Age, Capt. THOMAS COTTRELL.—His Funeral will be To-morrow Afternoon, at 2 o'Clock, from his House in Thames-Street, which his Friends and Acquaintance are desired to attend.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,
District of Newport, January 29.

ENTERED, *From*

Sloop Nancy, Robinson, *Digbton*
—— Clarissa Clarke, *Boston*

CLEARED, *For*

Brig William Rathbone, *Surinam*
Sloop Nancy, Robinson, *Providence*
—— Nancy, Borden, *Norfolk*
—— Eagle, Slocum *Boston*
—— Two Sisters, Dennis, *New York*
—— Sally, Southwick, *Norfolk*
Brig John, Ferry, *Havanna*
Ship Abigail Wood, *Ditto*
Sloop Pomona, Earl *Surinam*
—— Sloop Nancy, Woodward, *Digbton*

To be Sold, for ready Money,

By ABIEL TRIPP,

THAT well known House, with the Lot, and all the Buildings thereon standing, situate in Newport.——Said House formerly belonged to Mr. James Nixon, deceased, and is as pleasantly situated as any in this Town, for a public or private House.——Any Gentleman who may wish to purchase the above Premises, will please to call on the above A. Tripp, who will shew and describe to him the Premises.—A clear warrentee Deed will be given at the Time of Purchase.

Newport, Jan. 30, 1798.

WE the Subscribers being, by the Hon. Court of Probate, for the District of Windham, and State of Connecticut, appointed Commissioners, on the Estate of ROWSE POTTER, late of Lebanon in said District deceased, represented Insolvent; hereby give Notice to the Creditors of said Estate, that we will attend upon said Creditors to receive and examine their Claims, at the Dwelling-House where said Deceased last lived in Lebanon, on the first Tuesdays in March, May, and June next: Of which, the said Creditors are desired to take Notice, and exhibit their Claims properly attested, on Penalty of being debarred of any Recovery, if not exhibited within six Months from the Date hereof.

JAMES PINNEO,
ELIAS BLISS,
BAZELEEL FULLER.

Lebanon, Jan 24, 1798.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of ROWSE POTTER, late of the State of Rhode-Island, late of Lebanon in the State of Connecticut, deceased, are hereby called upon to make Payment, and settle their Accounts within six Months (the limited Time by Law) and pay and secure the Balances due without Delay, if they would prevent a more expensive Way of Settlement, by applying to the Subscriber at Lebanon, or to *Samuel E. Gardiner*, or *John Hagadorn*, my Attorney, at South-Kingstown, in the State of Rhode Island.

JOHN MAXWELL, *Administrator.*

Lebanon, Jan. 24, 1798.

WAS Lost, on Sunday last, between Capt. William Denn's on the Point, and Mr. William Langley's in Thames-street, a Gold WATCH SEAL.—Whoever has found the same, and will deliver it to the Printer, shall be generously rewarded.

Newport, January 16 1798.

WANTED,

TWO or Three active BOYS, about 14 or 15 Years of Age, to learn the Art of making PAPER, and Grinding CHOCOLATE, to which Twenty Dollars Bounty will be given, and good Encouragement, to every Boy that inclines to learn the above Business.

Christopher C. Olney.

Who has for SALE,

All Kinds of PAPER—and manufactures the best flavoured SNUFF and TOBACCO.

☞ CASH, and any of the above Articles, will be given, for Cotton and Linen RAGS, Old SAIL CLOTH, and damaged Hemp.

Providence, Oct 17, 1797.

THE Old Circulating LIBRARY and BOOK STORE kept by

J. Richardson,

AT THE POST OFFICE,

Hath lately received several large Additions of BOOKS, for Circulation and for Sale, on the most moderate Terms.——Consisting of a great Number of the newest, and most celebrated Novels and Romances, than any other Library in this Town, with a very good Assortment of other Books and Stationary.

Almanacks and Registers for 1798, of 8 different Sorts;——but NONE of the *Counterfeit* Bickerstaff's Almanacks, printed at Albany, for J. J. Todd.

Also a good Assortment of Muffs, Tippets, Fur Trimmings, Gloves, Mittens, Caps, &c.

A grand Assortment of House Papers, and Borders to suit.

New Raisins by the Cask, and Retail.

Poland starch, Black Pepper, Mustard, Nutmegs, and Saltpetre.

Handirons, Shovel and Tongs, and Chimney Hooks,

With a compleat Assortment of Iron hollow Ware, &c.

Newport, Jan 1, 1798.

To be Sold, by

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

At his STORE on the Point,

JAmaica Spirits, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

West India and New England RUM, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

BRANDY and GENEVA, by the Pipe or Barrel,

A few Hogsheads of the first Quality Jamaica SUGAR,

MOLASSES, of an excellent Quality, suitable for Retailing, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

HYSON TEA, or BOHEA, by the Dozen or Pound,

FLOUR—BEEF—and RICE—by the Barrel or Tierce.

Two New SLOOPS, complete for Sea; one of about 80 Tons Burthen, and the other about 40 Tons Burthen.

Sundry Dwelling Houses, situated in different Parts of this Town—To Sell, or Let.

Two Townships in the District of Maine which will be sold at 50 Cents per Acre.

ALSO,

A small FARM, pleasantly situated about Two Miles from the Narragansett Ferry, containing about 50 Acres; there is standing thereon a good Dwelling House, 40 by 30 Feet; a Barn, 30 by 24 Feet; with other necessary Buildings; the Whole in good Repair; a good Well of Water, and a small Orchard.——The Whole is well fenced and watered. A young Wood, or Grove of Trees, adjoining said Farm, is to be Sold also. The Farm will be sold for 850 Dollars in Cash, and one Half Cash and the other Half in West-India Goods, at figuring the Deed.

HE

Carries on the BAKING Business, as usual.——Has on Hand, SHIP and CABIN BREAD, of a good Quality.

Linseed Oil & Painter's Colours.

James Cahoone & Son,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd and unboil'd, per Cask or Gallon,

Best London White Lead, per Cask or smaller Quantity,

Spanish Brown, Ditto Ditto,
Whiting, Ditto Ditto,
Stone Yellow, Spruce Ditto,
Red Lead, Patent Yellow,
Verdigrease, Prussian Blue,
Gold Leaf, Silver Ditto.

Litharge, White Vitriol, Painter's Brushes, Camel's Hair Pencils, Spirits of Turpentine, Varnish, black Varnish of a superior Quality for Vessels, Rosin, Tar, &c. &c.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry, properly prepared.

By sending the Dimensions of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant Customers may be supplied with a sufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, on the shortest Notice, with Directions given therewith.

Also——9 by 7, and 8 by 6, Window Glass—and Putty.

Coggeshall & Burdick,

At their shop, next Northward of Mr. James Taylor and Co. Apothecary's Shop, in Thames-street,

HAVE for Sale, a complete Assortment of Men's BOOTS and SHOES, of various Kinds.

Also, all Kinds of Women's Stuff Shoes, and Morocco Slips and Sandals.

Likewise, a great Variety of Small Shoes and Sandals.

All Kinds of Shoes, made at the above said Shop, on the shortest Notice.

They present their Thanks to their former Customers, and hope for a Continuance of their Favours.

Jan. 19.

The Senate have concurred with the President of the United States in the choice of Fisher Ames, Bushrod Washington and Alfred Moore Esqrs. for holding a treaty with the Cherokee Indians, for the extinguishment of the Indian title to certain lands in the State of Tennessee.

Yesterday the ice in the Delaware began to move, and is now drifting.

January 19.

A gentleman who left Lisbon the 21 of November, and arrived a few days ago at Norfolk, contradicts the late rumours from that quarter, and positively asserts, that the ratification of the treaty of peace betwixt France and Portugal had been sent on to Paris some days previous to his departure; that Admiral Lord St. Vincents, who was with part of his fleet in that harbour, only waited the arrival of the counter ratification on the part of the French Directory to depart, agreeable to the tenor of the treaty:—That the kingdom of Spain enjoyed the most profound tranquillity:—That there had been no change in the ministry, but that the PRINCE OF PEACE was still in the confidence of his king and country—and that Citizen Perignon and his nation were as much in favour as ever.

The English frigate, Doris, Lord Ranelagh, has taken a new copper bottomed French ship of 20 guns and 186 men.

FROM THE AURORA.

Mr. BACHE,

You are requested by a subscriber to publish the enclosed extract, which will shew in what light the new pretensions set up by Mr. Monroe are considered abroad. and even in France, and at a period subsequent to the 4th of September.

Jan. 15th, 1798.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Europe, to his friend in Philadelphia, dated Oct. 20, 1797.

"*A summary of the correspondence between Mr. Pickering and Mr. Monroe was lately published from the Gazette Nationale of Paris, with a very judicious note from the editor, which overset Mr. Monroe's reasoning very completely. The paper was handed me by —— ——, a very sensible man, who says Mr. Monroe must be an ideot.—This affair having been read by the corps diplomatique, has been a good deal the subject of conversation; and Monroe's conduct has of course excited universal contempt.*"

From the "*Gazettes Nationale de France,*" of Sunday, Sept. 24th, 1797.

TRANSLATION.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Philadelphia, 24th August.

James Monroe, Ambassador from the United States near the French republic, has just published his correspondence with Timothy Pickering, Secretary of State.

James Monroe in his letter of the 6th and 8th of July, demands the motives of his recal;" "*It is not conformable to the principles of an elective government, to blast the reputation of a citizen by a disgraceful recal without exhibiting the motives thereof. Let kings, says he, give no other reasons for dispensing favors or disgrace, than their good pleasure or caprice; but let it not be thus under a republican government*"

Note by the Paris Editor.

We cannot concur in the opinion of James Monroe, which we even regard as contrary to every principle. A government which is responsible, must necessarily possess the right of recalling, removing or employing those who possess, or have lost their confidence — Deprive it of this right. and you leave it nothing but the burthen of responsibility without the power of acting. You leave it at the mercy of its agents. Neither a recal, moreover, nor even a removal, reflect dishonor, whatever Mr Monroe may say on the subject, and it is only ambitious and headstrong blunderers, who ever complain, either of not being employed at all, or of being removed.

NEW YORK, Jan 22.

We are informed the Secretary of State yesterday (Thursday) received a letter from Mr. Murray, our minister at the Hague, inclosing a letter he received from General Marshall, which informs, that the French government would not recognize the American Commission, and that they daily expected they would be obliged to quit the Republic. Mr. Murray's letter is dated Octo 21.

A St. Vincent paper of the 18th ult contains an account of an unfortunate fracas between Lord Comelsford commander of his majesty's ship Faverite, and some of the people at Barbadoes, occasioned by the impressing of some seamen, amongst whom were two apprentices which their master demanded In this melancholy affair a seamen was killed, and a Mr. Chose, dangerously wounded The Coroner's inquest sat on the body of the sailor. and from the evidence adduced found his lordship Guilty of murder

Of 1980 men of Prince of Wales' and Roban's foreign hussars at St Domingo only 160 had escaped the malignity of the yellow fever.

The Count d'Entraigues, in whose port folio it was pretended the evidence of Pichegru's conspiracy was found, has been at Vienna, and declared, that not a single line was found among his papers, tending to prove the pretended plot. He was preparing a work for the press, the object of which was to prove his declaration; but the Emperor prohibited its publication in his dominions, and directed the Count to leave Vienna soon.

PORTSMOUTH (*N H.*) Jan. 13.

On Tuesday last was brought to this town, from the Isle of Shoals, Mr John Farnum, belonging to Booth Bay, on Damascotty river, about 37 leagues from this port.

The adventures of this unfortunate young man are remarkable, viz He, with his brother (Mr. Hanson Farnum) and Mr. James M'Farland, were solicited by Capt. Brooks, of a sloop from Marblehead, to go to Heron Island, about two miles down the river, and help him get his sloop off from a reef of rocks which they had unfortunately got on. They very willingly went to assist Capt. Brooks, and when they had rendered every assistance possible, and had got the sloop off, they were invited on board said vessel, and, being chilled, they all drank very freely of spirits, after which the above named three men left the sloop in their canoe to go immediately home. Mr. John Farnum said, he felt fatigued and sleepy, and would lie down on some straw and take a nap, while his brother and Mr. M'Farland paddled the canoe up the river. His brother accordingly set Mr. M'Farland ashore on the eastern side of the river, where he lived, and then attempted to paddle the canoe to the western side, where he and his brother dwelt; but the wind blowing fresh and cold against him, and it growing dark, it is supposed he stood up in the canoe to thresh his arms, and staggered or fell overboard. His brother, who was asleep, never waked till he was near two leagues outside the White Island, driving to sea, when he found his brother and Mr. M'Farland missing, and he alone in the canoe, without either paddle or oars. After being at sea four days and nights, and in the last violent snow storm, without any thing to subsist on excepting snow, of which he supposes he eat half a bushel, on Tuesday morning the canoe drifted on shore to the Isle of Shoals, which being discovered by the inhabitants, they repaired to the canoe, and found him crawling on his hands and knees up over the rocks. They carried him to a house, and gave him some refreshment, which he very feebly partook of; and then some people brought him to this town on the same day, but in a very weak situation. Capts. Tuttle and Foster paid every attention to him while here, generously defrayed all his expences, and got a passage for him home, in a vessel bound directly to Booth bay.

Capt. Foster came from the place of Mr. Farnum's residence, since his absence, and says, he has a wife and three children; and his brother (whom they suppose to be drowned) had a wife and four children; who with the neighbours had been in search after them ever since, expecting to find them dead on the shore, buried up in snow.

BOSTON, Jan. 25.

Accounts are received, via Batavia, of a late date, that the British have extended their conquest in India, to the Dutch Island of Ternate, the most northerly of the Moluccas, formerly celebrated for their clove-trees, but which the Dutch, in the reign of King James I transplanted principally to the famous island of Amboyna, where their enormities convinced the world that Hollanders could be cruel.

The Crescent frigate has sailed from Portsmouth for Algiers. She is said to be a present from the United States to the Dey, as compensation for the delay of fulfiling our treaty stipulations.—Capt. Newman who commands her, as well as a number of her officers, and men, have been captives in Algiers.—Richard O'Brien, Esq. Consul of the United States, for Algeirs, has gone passenger in the Crescent.

NEWPORT, Jan. 30.

There has lately issued from the Aurora Press, in Philadelphia, a Book entitled, "A View of the Conduct of the Executive of the United States, connected with the Mission to the French Republic, during the Years 1794. 1795 and 1796 by JAMES MONROE, late Minister Plenipotentiary to the said Republic; illustrated by his Instructions and Correspondence, and other authentic Documents."

Citizen Charles de la Croix is appointed Minister Plenipotentiary from France to the Batavian Republic, in the Room of Citizen Noel.

The French Directory have requested of the Dutch Government, that they immediately repair the marine Loss they sustained in their late naval Defeat.

General Maitland is appointed to command the British Forces at St. Domingo.

And, General Simcoe succeeds Prescot, as Governor General of the British Settlements in America.

MARRIED]—"On Sunday the 21st Inst. Mr. GEORGE SOUTHWICK, to Miss ELIZABETH SERVAT both of this Town. A young Woman whose Character for Integrity, Industry, and, indeed, general good Conduct, renders her highly respected by her Friends and Acquaintance."

DIED]—At Situate, much lamented, Mr. JOB FISK of that Town, aged 86 Years.

At Tiverton, Mr. RICHARD HAUTH, in 96th Year of his Age.

—At Portsmouth (on this Island) Mr. WILLIAM HALL, aged 84

—In this Town, on Sunday last, in the 59th Year of his Age, Capt. THOMAS COTTRELL.—His Funeral will be To-morrow Afternoon, at 2 o'Clock, from his House in Thames-street, which his Friends and Acquaintance are desired to attend.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of Newport, January 29.

ENTERED,	*from*
Sloop Nancy, Robinson,	*Digbton*
—— *Clarissa Clarke,*	*Boston*
CLEARED,	*for*
Brig William Rathbone,	*Surinam*
Sloop Nancy, Robinson,	*Providence*
—— *Nancy, Borden,*	*Norfolk*
—— *Eagle, Slocum*	*Boston*
—— *Two Sisters, Dennis,*	*New York*
—— *Sally, Southwick,*	*Norfolk*
Brig John, Ferry,	*Havanna*
Ship Abigail Wood,	*Ditto*
Sloop Pomona, Earl	*Surinam*
—— *Sloop Nancy, Woodward,*	*Digbton*

To be Sold, for ready Money,

By ABIEL TRIPP,

THAT well known House, with the Lot, and all the Buildings thereon standing, situate in Newport.——Said House formerly belonged to Mr. James Nixon, deceased, and is as pleasantly situated as any in this Town, for a public or private House.——Any Gentleman who may wish to purchase the above Premises, will please to call on the above A. Tripp, who will shew and describe to him the Premises.—A clear warrantee Deed will be given at the Time of Purchase.

Newport, Jan. 30, 1798.

WE the Subscribers being, by the Hon. Court of Probate, for the District of Windham, and State of Connecticut, appointed Commissioners, on the Estate of ROWSE POTTER, late of Lebanon in said District deceased, represented Insolvent; hereby give Notice to the Creditors of said Estate, that we will attend upon said Creditors to receive and examine their Claims, at the Dwelling-House where said Deceased last lived in Lebanon, on the first Tuesdays in March, May, and June next: Of which, the said Creditors are desired to take Notice, and exhibit their Claims properly attested, on Penalty of being debarred of any Recovery, if not exhibited within six Months from the Date hereof.

JAMES PINNEO,
ELIAS BLISS,
BAZEELIEL FULLER.

Lebanon, Jan 24, 1798.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of ROWSE POTTER, late of the State of Rhode-Island, but of Lebanon in the State of Connecticut, deceased, are hereby called upon to make Payment, and settle their Accounts within six Months (the limited Time by Law) and pay and secure the Balances due without Delay, if they would prevent a more expensive Way of Settlement, by applying to the Subscriber at Lebanon, or to *Samuel E. Gardiner*, or *John Hagadorn*, my Attorney, at South-Kingstown, in the State of Rhode Island.

JOHN MAXWELL, *Administrator.*

Lebanon, Jan. 24, 1798.

WAS Lost, on Sunday last, between Capt. William Denn's on the Point, and Mr. William Langley's in Thames-street, a Gold WATCH SEAL.—Whoever has found the same, and will deliver it to the Printer, shall be generously rewarded.

Newport, January 16 1798.

WANTED,

TWO or Three active BOYS, about 14 or 15 Years of Age, to learn the Art of making PAPER, and Grinding CHOCOLATE, to which Twenty Dollars Bounty will be given, and good Encouragement, to every Boy that inclines to learn the above Business.

Christopher C. Olney.

Who has for SALE,

All Kinds of PAPER—and manufactures the best flavoured SNUFF and TOBACCO.

☞ CASH, and any of the above Articles, will be given, for Cotton and Linen RAGS, Old SAIL CLOTH, and damaged Hemp.

Providence, Oct. 17, 1797.

THE Old Circulating LIBRARY and BOOK STORE kept by

J. Richardson,

AT THE POST OFFICE,

Hath lately received several large Additions of BOOKS, for Circulation and for Sale, on the most moderate Terms, —— Consisting of a great Number of the newest, and most celebrated Novels and Romances, than any other Library in this Town, with a very good Assortment of other Books and Stationary.

Almanacks and Registers for 1798, of 8 different Sorts;——but NONE of the *Counterfeit* Bickerstaff's Almanacks, printed at Albany, for J. J. Todd.

Also a good Assortment of Muffs, Tippets, Fur Trimmings, Gloves, Mittens, Caps, &c.

A grand Assortment of House Papers, and Borders to suit.

New Raisins by the Cask, and Retail.

Poland starch, Black Pepper, Mustard, Nutmegs, and Saltpetre.

Handirons, Shovel and Tongs, and Chimney Hooks,

With a compleat Assortment of Iron hollow Ware, &c.

Newport, Jan. 1, 1798.

To be Sold, by

SHEFFIELD ATTWOOD,

At his STORE on the Point,

JAmaica Spirits, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

West India and New England RUM, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

BRANDY and GENEVA, by the Pipe or Barrel,

A few Hogsheads of the first Quality Jamaica SUGAR,

MOLASSES, of an excellent Quality, suitable for Retailing, by the Hogshead or Barrel,

HYSON TEA, or BOHEA, by the Dozen or Pound,

FLOUR—BEEF—and RICE—by the Barrel or Tierce.

Two New SLOOPS, complete for Sea; one of about 80 Tons Burthen, and the other about 40 Tons Burthen.

Sundry Dwelling Houses, situated in different Parts of this Town—To Sell, or Let.

Two Townships in the District of Maine which will be sold at 50 Cents per Acre.

A L S O,

A small FARM, pleasantly situated about Two Miles from the Narraganset Ferry, containing about 50 Acres; there is standing thereon a good Dwelling House, 40 by 30 Feet; a Barn, 30 by 24 Feet; with other necessary Buildings; the Whole in good Repair; a good Well of Water, and a small Orchard.——The Whole is well fenced and watered. A young Wood, or Grove of Trees, adjoining said Farm, is to be Sold also. The Farm will be sold for 250 Dollars in Cash, and one Half Cash and the other Half in West-India Goods, at signing the Deed.

HE

Carries on the BAKING Business, as usual.——Has on Hand, SHIP and CABIN BREAD, of a good Quality

Linseed Oil & Painter's Colours.

James Cahoone & Son,

HAVE FOR SALE,

LINSEED-OIL, boil'd and unboil'd, per Cask or Gallon,

Best London White Lead, per Cask or smaller Quantity,

Spanish Brown,	Ditto	Ditto,
Whiting,	Ditto	Ditto,

Stone Yellow, Spruce Ditto,
Red Lead, Patent Yellow,
Verdigrease, Prussian Blue,
Gold Leaf, Silver Ditto.

Litharge, White Vitriol, Painter's Brushes, Camel's Hair Pencils, Spirits of Turpentine, Varnish, black Varnish of a superior Quality for Vessels, Rosin, Tar, &c. &c.

Any of the above Paints, ground in Oil or dry, properly prepared.

By sending the Dimensions of a House, Room, Vessel, &c. &c. their distant Customers may be supplied with a sufficient Quantity of Colours for any Work, on the shortest Notice, with Directions given therewith.

Also—— 9 by 7, and 8 by 6, Window Glass—and Putty.

Coggeshall & Burdick,

At their Shop, next Northward of Mr. James Taylor and Co. Apothecary's Shop, in Thames-street,

HAVE for Sale, a complete Assortment of Men's BOOTS and SHOES, of various Kinds.

Also, all Kinds of Women's Stuff Shoes, and Morocco Slips and Sandals.

Likewise, a great Variety of small Shoes and Sandals.

All Kinds of Shoes, made at the aboves-said Shop, on the shortest Notice.

They present their Thanks to their former Customers, and hope for a Continuance of their Favours.

HUMAN FRAILTY.—By Cowper.

WEAK and irresolute is man;
The purpose of to day,
Woven with pains into his plan,
To morrow rends away.

The bow well bent, and smart the string,
Vice seems already slain;
But passion rudely snaps the string,
And it revives again.

Some foe to his upright intent,
Finds out his weaker part;
Virtue engages his assent,
But pleasure wins his heart.

'Tis here the folly of the wise,
Through all his art we view;
And while his tongue the hedge denies,
His conscience owns it true.

Bound on a voyage of awful length,
And dangers little known,
A stranger to superior strength,
Man vainly trusts his own.

But oars alone can ne'er prevail
To reach the distant coast;
The breath of heaven must swell the sail,
Or all the toil is lost.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

COMMON SENSE. *in Dishabille.*

No. XXXIII.

HE HAS FAILED.

SOME four or five months ago, I enlarged upon a text, not much unlike the present. I then did I expect to become a bankrupt so soon myself. But several draughts have been made upon me, rather unexpectedly.—I do not know that I shall be able to answer them; at any rate, I find myself under the necessity of shutting up shop and discontinuing my retail business for the present. Those whom my words have displeased, will have no occasion to repine.

* * * * * * *

As I have gone into winter quarters, and my doors are about to be closed upon me, I most reluctantly take my leave of my old friends, whom I have endeavoured to make as numerous as the friends to honest industry and good order. I shall conclude the good wishes of several months with wishing you a happy new year—good fires without smoking rooms—thick sides without turning over—a heavy purse with a liberal hand—a full table with a generous heart, and social enjoyment without party spirit—to Bristol bankruptcy, open doors, with the speedy means of paying their debts, and to rogues of every description, ragged coats with empty pockets, and the contempt of all good people till they learn to practise honestly and follow the dictates of Common Sense.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in General, that he has just received at his Store, directly opposite General MARTIN's,

A prime and elegant Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season, which he is determined to sell very low.

BY WHOLESALE,

400 Pieces of thick Muslins, of different Qualities and Widths,
50 Pieces Bandannoes,
100 Dimity Table Cloths,
200 Pieces India Calico,
1 Box Men's Yeoman Crown Hats.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his former Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

Stephen Pierce

HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready made COLOURS. Also, an Assortment of neat GUN LOCKS and BRASS FURNITURE, POWDER and SHOT; a few Bags of ANNI-SEED, a Quantity of excellent MUSTARD in Bottles, a small Assortment of GLASS WARE of superior Quality, and an Assortment of CROCKERY WARE.

Twenty Barrels of ROSIN.

A Quantity of excellent Spanish SEGARS.

Also, FEATHERS by the Sack, or 50lb.

☞ Likewise—GUNPOWDER, by the Cask.

JOHN ADAMS,

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT he carries on the LEATHER DRESSING Business, in all its Branches, next Southward from the Tan-Yard formerly occupied by Mr. William Tripp, and now by Mr. William Tripp.—Where may be had, Gloves of all Kinds, by the Dozen or single Pair.—Also Glove Leather by Dozen.—Wool for Hatting, Spinning, and Carpeting.—Bear Skins for Holsters, Caps, &c. and all Kind of Skins dressed, with the Fur on, at short Notice.

Philip Robinson

Informs his Customers and others, that he has just received an additional Assortment of seasonable GOODS, which he offers for Sale on the most reasonable Terms.

Among which are,

SUPERFINE and common Broadcloths,
Superfine and common Kerseymeres,
Flannels; Baizes; Serges; Coatings,
Furniture Chintzes, very rich,
Irish Linens of all Prices per Piece,
Superfine Silk, and Hair Binds, very handsome Colours,
A handsome Variety best Lutestrings,
Satins black and coloured; Modes; Sarsnets,
Fashionable Hats, Yeoman and plain Crowns,
Boys coloured Ditto,
Patent and common Hose,
A Variety very rich Tea Trays, all Sizes,
Yard wide Carpeting,
A few Casks Gun Powder.

Besides a Variety of other Articles not enumerated:—All which will be sold low for ready Money.

Newport, 26th of 12th Month, 1797.

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable FARM, in Charlestown, in this State, late belonging to the Heirs of the late James Babcock, Esq; very pleasantly situated on the Post Road leading from Tower Hill to New London, having the Western Sound open to full View, and being within six Miles of Pawcatuck Bridge, with a Dwelling House and Crib thereon, is bounded on a fine Pond, in which a Variety of Fish may be caught, at all Seasons of the Year, and is entirely free from the Distemper among the Cattle, with which many of the adjacent Farms are infected.

Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber,

JOHN BOURS.

Newport, Jan. 16, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscribers have been duly appointed Administrators to the Estate of BENJAMIN ELLERY, late of Newport, Esquire, deceased, and have taken upon themselves that Trust, by giving Bonds, as the Law directs: And all Persons having Demands upon the Estate of the said Benjamin Ellery; are required to exhibit the same; and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are called upon to make Payment to

ABRAHAM R. ELLERY.
CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

Newport, Jan 9 1798.

TO BE LET,

And entered upon the 25th of March,

A LARGE, convenient, and elegant DWELLING HOUSE, in compleat Repair, situate in Thames street, lately occupied by BENJAMIN ELLERY, Esq; deceased, and now belonging to the Heirs of the late *Mehetable Ellery*; together with the West Garden, Wharf, Coach House, Stabling, Stores, and all other Out-Houses thereunto appertaining.—For Terms, apply to *Abraham R. Ellery.*

ABRAHAM R ELLERY
CHRISTOPHER G CHAMPLIN.

Newport, January 12, 1798.

TO BE SOLD,

A Convenient Dwelling House, situate in Spring street, now occupied by Mr. Benjamin Spooner, and belonging to the Heirs of the late Mehetable Ellery, together with all the Out Houses, Land, and Privileges, thereunto appertaining. An indisputable Title to the Premises, will be given to the Purchaser thereof, by the said Heirs.—For Terms apply to *Abraham R. Ellery.*

ABRAHAM R ELLERY
CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

Newport, Jan 12 1798.

To be LET,

FIFTY Acres of Land, in North-Kingstown, with a Fulling Mill, on a good Stream of Water; a Clothier's Shop, and Tools; also a Dwelling House and Barn, and an Orchard thereon standing that will make about 15 Barrels of Cyder.—For further Particulars inquire of

JOSEPH TAYLOR.

North Kingstown, Jan 7. 1798.

THE Subscriber informs those who have any Demands on him, that he shall be in Town the latter End of this Week, and requests them to apply to him, at his Brother Brat Tripp's, in Marlborough street, and receive their Dues;—Those indebted to him he particularly desires would also call, as above, and make Payment.

WILLIAM TRIPP.

Newport, Jan. 15, 1798.

STRAYED into the Enclosure of the Subscriber, in Middletown, some Time since, a Yearling HEIFER.—Whoever owns the same, by applying to the Subscriber, paying Charges, &c. may have her again.

WILLIAM BAILEY,

Jan. 15 1798.

Gibbs & Channing

Have for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island—

HYSON, Young Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea TEAS, of the latest Importation, warranted to be of the first Quality, by the Whole, Half, or Quarter Chests.
China, in Dining, Breakfast, and Tea Setts, per box.
Best St. Petersburgh clean Hemp.
Cordage and Cables, of all Dimensions.
Spike Rods and Iron Hoops.
Jamaica Sugar, Windward Island Rum and Molasses per Hogshead.
Best French Brandy and Holland Gin, fourth Proof, per butt.
New England Rum, by the Hogshead, or Cargo, on short Notice.
6 by 8, and 7 by 9 Window Glass, by the box or larger Quantity.
Superfine and fine Flour.
Tar, Pitch, Salt, &c.

Newport, Dec. 26, 1797.

John Handy

Has received from LONDON, a Variety of GOODS, which he offers, at Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest Rates for Cash, or short approved Credit, at his Store on his Wharf.—Among which are,

BRoadcloths, Kerseymeres, Shalloons, Raminets, Florentines, Russells, Moreens, Taboreens, Jeans, Irish Linens, Checks, Diaper Tablecloths, Sheeting, Bedticks, Chintzes, Calicoes, Copper Plate Furniture Ditto, Linen and Muslin Handkerchiefs, Shawls, superfine India, Jaconet & Book Muslins, Muslinets, Marseilles Quilting for Waistcoats, China Stripes Ditto, Jeans, Fustians, Diabers, Nankeens, striped and twilled; Satins, Lustrings, Modes, Mens Silk, Silk and Cotton, and plated Fancy Stockings; plain, white and ribbed, Cotton Ditto; Brown Thread, and Silk and Worsted Ditto; Lawns, Cambricks, Ribbons, Hats, Ladies and Childrens Morocco Shoes, &c.—Also, a few Casks of Rice.

Newport, Sept. 25. 1797.

Stephen T. Northam

Informs his Friends in particular, and the Public in general,

THAT he has just received, and has for Sale, at his Store, opposite THOMAS GREENE's, a large Assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods.

—Also, a Variety of Ladies BONNETS, of the Newest Fashion, direct from London.—A Quantity of Rice and Cotton; and Pitch, Turpentine, and Pickled Fish, by the Barrel.

To be Sold, by

E. Woodward,

At his New Store on the Long Wharf,

LISBON Salt—superfine Flour—best of prime Beef—Brandy and Holland Gin—Jamaica spirits—A Quantity of Sheet, suitable for Horses and Cows, &c. &c.

Newport, Jan. 1, 1798.

Robert Lawton,

Respectfully acquaints his Customers, and the Public in general, that he has just received, and has for Sale at his Store, in Thames-street, opposite Mr. GEORGE GIBBS', a large and compleat Assortment of DRY GOODS suitable for the approaching Season, consisting of

SUPERFINE and 2d Broadcloths, and Cassimeres—a great Variety of Fancy Vesting; Coatings; Baizes; Flannels; Elasticks and Pans; Calicoes and Chintzes; Sattins; Modes; Lutestrings; Tiffanies, &c. &c.

Also, Ladies' Saddle, Beaver and Common HATS; Gentlemens', Yeoman and Crown Ditto; low priz'd Mens' and Boys' Ditto; with a Variety of other Articles.

Newport, November 13 1797.

TO BE SOLD,

A FARM, lying partly in South-Kingston and partly in North Kingston, containing about One Hundred and Sixty Acres well fenced, well wooded, and well watered; will be sold, either in separate Lots or together, as may best suit Purchasers.—Possession will be given on the 25th of March next.—For Particulars inquire of

FREDERICK GARDNER.

South-Kingston, Nov. 9. 1797.

Just Opened,
And ready for SALE,
By WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
BY

Thomas Green,

CHEAP AS EVER,

A general Assortment of

English and *India*

GOODS,

Suitable for all Seasons.—

Amongst which are to be found,

LADIES superfine 6-4 and 7-4 Coatings,
A Variety of superfine and common Swandown for Waistcoats,
Rose Blankets, of all Sizes,
A great Variety of Looking Glasses,
Long Piles or Shag Velvets,
Red, blue, and purple, Furniture Callico,
6-4 India Book-Muslins,
Striped Calamancoes, a Variety,
Superfine black Russells and Russellettes,
A very large Assortment of
Dimity's and Muslins,
A great Variety of Silks, for Gowns,
Cloth coloured Satins,
English and India black Ditto,
Black Crape and Bombazette,
Cloth and Morocco Shoes and Slips,
Superfine Broadcloths and Cassimer, a great Variety,
Pearl, and polished Steel Buttons, &c. &c.

N. B. Home-made Cloths taken in Pay, as usual.

Newport, November 7, 1797.

To be Sold, by

Thomas H. Hazard,

Of South-Kingstown,

The LITTLE NECK FARM,

CONTAINING about One Hundred and Fifty Acres, bounded on Two Sides by the Salt Water, with a Dwelling House, Cheese and Corn House thereon—with an excellent Orchard of the best of Fruit, a good Well of Water, and a beautiful Grove of the best of Timber, and the greatest Plenty of the richest Manure adjoining said Farm, and the best Fishing and Fowling in New England. For Pleasantness, Situation & Richness of Soil, with every other Convenience, no Estate in New England can exceed it.—Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to said HAZARD, adjoining the Premises.

October 6, 1797.

State of RHODE ISLAND, &c.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *October Session, A. D.* 1797.

IT *is Voted and Resolved*, That Messieurs JOHN L. BOSS, ARCHIBALD CRARY, and WALTER CHANNING, be, and they are hereby appointed a Committee to examine the State Notes and Securities lodged in the General Treasury, in Payment of Taxes; and the State Notes and Securities paid off in the late Paper Money, and lodged by Holders in the General Treasury: That they make out and deposit in the Treasury a particular List and Description of said Notes and Securities, with the Circumstances attending them: That they cause Notification to be given in the Newspapers, for the Space of Six Months, to make Application for the same according to Law; That at the End of Six Months from the first Notification as aforesaid, the said Committee shall cause all such Notes and Securities of the Description aforesaid as may then remain in the Treasury to be burnt and destroyed.

A true Copy: *Witness,*
HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

In Pursuance of the above recited Act, the Subscribers hereby Notify all Persons, claiming any of the Notes and Securities, described in the aforesaid Act, to make Application to the General Treasurer for the same according to Law; within Six Months from the Twenty eighth Day of November, A. D. 1797.

JOHN L. BOSS,
A. CRARY,
WAL. CHANNING, } *Committee.*

THE Subscribers being appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of JOHN WANTON, late of this Town, Mariner, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby notify all Persons having Claims or Demands against said Estate, to exhibit the same to either of them within Six Months, that being the Time allowed for receiving said Claims, and reporting thereon.

JOSEPH GARDNER,
ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport January 1 1798.

The Persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make Payment to

LATHAM THURSTON, *Administrator.*

HUMAN FRAILTY.—By Cowper.

WEAK and irresolute is man;
The purpose of to day,
Woven with pains into his plan,
To morrow rends away.

The bow well bent, and smart the string,
Vice seems already slain;
But passion rudely snaps the string,
And it revives again.

Some foe to his upright intent,
Finds out his weaker part;
Virtue engages his assent,
But pleasure wins his heart.

'Tis here the folly of the wise,
Through all his art we view;
And while his tongue the hoarge denies,
His conscience owns it true.

Bound on a voyage of awful length,
And dangers little known,
A stranger to superior strength,
Man vainly trusts his own.

But oars alone can ne'er prevail
To reach the distant coast;
The breath of heaven must swell the sail,
Or all the toil is lost.

From the FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

COMMON SENSE. *in Dishabille.*
No. XXXIII.
HE HAS FAILED.

SOME four or five months ago, I enlarged upon a text, not much unlike the present. In the did I expect to become a bankrupt so soon myself. But several draughts have been made upon me, rather unexpectedly.—I do not know that I shall be able to answer them; at any rate, I find myself under the necessity of shutting up shop and discontinuing my retail business for the present. Those whom my writes have displeased, will have no occasion to repine.

* * * * * * * * *

As I have gone into winter quarters, and my doors are about to be closed upon me, I most reluctantly take my leave of my old friends, whom I have endeavoured to make as numerous as the friends to honest industry and good order. I shall conclude the good wishes of several months with wishing you a happy new year—good fires without smoking rooms—sleigh rides without turning over—a heavy purse with a liberal hand—a full table with a generous heart, and social enjoyment without party spirit—to honest bankrupts, open doors, with the speedy means of paying their debts, and to rogues of every description, ragged coats with empty pockets, and the contempt of all good people till they learn to get honestly and follow the dictates of Common Sense.

JOHN BOURS, jun.

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in General, that he has just received at his Store, directly opposite General MARTIN's,

A prime and elegant Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the Season, which he is determined to sell very low.

BY WHOLESALE,

400 Pieces of thick Muslins, of different Qualities and Widths,
50 Pieces Bandannoes,
100 Dimity Table Cloths,
200 Pieces India Calico,
1 Box Men's Yeoman Crown Hats.

J. B. jun. returns his Thanks to his former Customers, and requests a Continuance of their Favours.

Stephen Pierce

HAS FOR SALE,

BUNTING and ready made COLOURS. Also, an Assortment of neat GUN LOCKS and BRASS FURNITURE, POWDER and SHOT; a few Bags of ANNI-SEED, a Quantity of excellent MUSTARD in Bottles, a small Assortment of GLASS WARE of superior Quality, and an Assortment of CROCKERY WARE.

Twenty Barrels of ROZIN.

A Quantity of excellent Spanish SEGARS.

Also, FEATHERS by the Sack, or 50 lb.

☞ Likewise—GUNPOWDER, by the Cask.

JOHN ADAMS,

Respectfully informs the Public,

THAT he carries on the LEATHER DRESSING Business, in all its Branches, next Southward from the Tan-Yard formerly occupied by Mr. William Tripp, and now by Mr. William Tilley.—White may be had, Gloves of all Kinds, by the Dozen or single Pair.—Also Glove Leather by Dozen.—Wool for Hatting, Spinning, and Carpeting.—Bear Skins for Holsters, Caps, &c. and all Kind of Skins dressed, with the Fur on, at short Notice.

Philip Robinson

Informs his Customers and others, that he has just received an additional Assortment of seasonable GOODS, which he offers for Sale on the most reasonable Terms.

Among which are,

SUPERFINE and common Broadcloths,
Superfine and common Kerseymeres,
Flannels; Baizes; Serges; Coatings,
Furniture Chintzes, very rich,
Irish Linens of all Prices per Piece,
Superfine Silk, and Hair Binds, very handsome Colours,
A handsome Variety best Lutestrings,
Satins black and coloured; Modes; Sarsnets,
Fashionable Hats, Yeoman and plain Crowns,
Boys coloured Ditto,
Patent and common Hose,
A Variety very rich Tea Trays, all Sizes,
Yard wide Carpeting,
A few Casks Gun Powder.

Besides a Variety of other Articles not enumerated:—All which will be sold low for ready Money.

Newport, 26th of 12th Month, 1797.

TO BE SOLD,

A Valuable FARM, in Charlestown, in this State, late belonging to the Heirs of the late Jonas Babcock, Esq; very pleasantly situated on the Post Road leading from Tower Hill to New London, having the Western Sound open to full View, and being within six Miles of Pawcatuck Bridge, with a Dwelling House and Crib thereon, is bounded on a fine Pond, in which a Variety of Fish may be caught, at all Seasons of the Year, and is entirely free from the Distemper among the Cattle, with which many of the adjacent Farms are infected.

Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber,

JOHN BOURS.

Newport, Jan. 16, 1798.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Subscribers have been duly appointed Administrators to the Estate of BENJAMIN ELLERY, late of Newport, Esquire, deceased, and have taken upon themselves that Trust, by giving Bonds, as the Law directs: And all Persons having Demands upon the Estate of the said Benjamin Ellery; are required to exhibit the same; and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are called upon to make Payment to

ABRAHAM R. ELLERY.
CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

Newport, Jan 9 1798.

TO BE LET,

And entered upon the 25th of March,

A LARGE, convenient, and elegant DWELLING HOUSE, in complete Repair, situate in Thames-street, lately occupied by BENJAMIN ELLERY, Esq; deceased, and now belonging to the Heirs of the late *Mehetable Ellery*; together with the West Garden, Wharf, Coach House, Stables, Stores, and all other Out-Houses thereunto appertaining.—For Terms, apply to *Abraham R Ellery.*

ABRAHAM R ELLERY.
CHRISTOPHER G CHAMPLIN.

Newport, January 12, 1798.

TO BE SOLD,

A Convenient Dwelling House, situate in Spring street, now occupied by Mr. Benjamin Spooner, and belonging to the Heirs of the late Mehetable Ellery, together with all the Out Houses, Land, and Privileges, thereunto appertaining. An indisputable Title to the Premises, will be given to the Purchaser thereof, by the said Heirs.—For Terms apply to *Abraham R. Ellery.*

ABRAHAM R. ELLERY.
CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN.

Newport, Jan 12 1798.

To be LET,

FIFTY Acres of Land, in North-Kingstown, with a Fulling Mill, on a good Stream of Water; a Clothier's Shop, and Tools; also a Dwelling House and Barn, and an Orchard thereon standing that will make about 15 Barrels of Cyder.—For further Particulars inquire of

JOSEPH TAYLOR.

North Kingstown, Jan 7. 1798.

THE Subscriber informs those who have any Demands on him, that he shall be in Town the latter End of this Week, and requests them to apply to him, at his Brother Bial Tripp's, in Marlborough street, and receive their Dues;—Those indebted to him he particularly desires would also call, as above, and make Payment.

WILLIAM TRIPP.

Newport, Jan. 15, 1798.

STRAYED into the Enclosure of the Subscriber, in Middletown, some Time since, a Yearling HEIFER.—Whoever owns the same, by applying to the Subscriber, paying Charges, &c. may have her again.

WILLIAM BAILEY.

Jan. 15, 1798.

Gibbs & Channing

Have for Sale, for Cash, or on a reasonable Credit with approved Notes, payable at the Bank of Rhode-Island——

HYSON, Young Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea TEAS, of the latest Importation, warranted to be of the first Quality, by the Whole, Half, or Quarter Chests.

China, in Dining, Breakfast, and Tea Setts, per box.

Best St. Petersburgh clean Hemp.

Cordage and Cables, of all Dimensions.

Spike Rods and Iron Hoops.

Jamaica Sugar, Windward Island Rum and Molasses per Hogshead.

Best French Brandy and Holland Gin, fourth Proof, per butt.

New England Rum, by the Hogshead, or Cargo, on short Notice.

6 by 8, and 7 by 9 Window Glass, by the box or larger Quantity.

Superfine and fine Flour.

Tar, Pitch, Salt, &c.

Newport, Dec. 26, 1797.

John Handy

Has received from LONDON, a Variety of GOODS, which he offers, at Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest Rates for Cash, or short approved Credit, at his Store on his Wharf.——Among which are,

BRoadcloths, Kerseymeres, Shalloons, Raminetts, Florentines, Russells, Moreens, Taboreens, Jeans, Irish Linens, Checks, Diaper Tablecloths, Sheeting, Bedticks, Chintzes, Calicoes, Copper Plate Furniture Ditto, Linen and Muslin Handkerchiefs, Shawls, superfine India, Jaconet & Book Muslins, Muslinets, Marseilles Quilting for Waistcoats, China Stripes Ditto, Janes, Fustians, Drabets, Nankeens, striped and twilled; Satins, Lustrings, Modes, Mens Silk, Silk and Cotton, and plated Fancy Stockings; plain, white and ribbed, Cotton Ditto; Brown Thread, and Silk and Worsted Ditto; Lawns, Cambricks, Ribbons, Hats, Ladies and Childrens Morocco Shoes, &c.—Also, a few Casks of Rice.

Newport, Sept. 25. 1797.

Stephen T. Northam

Informs his Friends in particular, and the Public in general.

THAT he has just received, and has for Sale, at his Store, opposite THOMAS GREENE's, a large Assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods.

——Also, a Variety of Ladies BONNETS, of the Newest Fashion, direct from London.——A Quantity of Rice and Cotton; and Pitch, Turpentine, and Pickled Fish, by the Barrel.

To be Sold, by

E. Woodward,

At his New Store on the Long Wharf,

LISBON Salt—superfine Flour—best of prime Beef—Brandy and Holland Gin—Jamaica Spirits——A Quantity of Shorts, suitable for Horses and Cows, &c. &c.

Newport, Jan. 1, 1798.

Robert Lawton,

Respectfully acquaints his Customers, and the Public in general, that he has just received, and has for Sale at his Store, in Thames-street, opposite Mr. GEORGE GIBBS', a large and complete Assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable for the approaching Season, consisting of

SUPERFINE and 2d Broadcloths, and Cassimeres—a great Variety of Fancy Vesting; Coatings; Baizes; Flannels; Elasticks and Plains; Calicoes and Chintzes; Sattins; Modes; Lutestrings; Tiffanies, &c. &c.

Also, Ladies' Sattin, Beaver and Common HATS; Gentlemens', Yeoman and Crown Ditto; low priz'd Mens' and Boys' Ditto; with a Variety of other Articles.

Newport, November 13 1797.

TO BE SOLD,

A FARM, lying partly in South-Kingston and partly in North Kingston, containing about One Hundred and Sixty Acres well fenced, well wooded, and well watered; will be sold, either in separate Lots or together, as may best suit Purchasers.—Possession will be given on the 25th of March next.——For Particulars inquire of

FREDERICK GARDNER.

South-Kingston, Nov. 9. 1797.

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By WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
BY

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CHEAP AS EVER,

A general Assortment of

English and *India*

GOODS,

Suitable for all Seasons.—

Amongst which are to be found

LADIES superfine 6-4 and 7-4 Coatings,
A Variety of superfine and common Swandown for Waistcoats,
Rose Blankets, of all Sizes,
A great Variety of Looking Glasses,
Long Piles or Shag Velvets,
Red, blue, and purple, Furniture Callico,
6-4 India Book-Muslins,
Striped Calamancoes, a Variety,
Superfine black Russells and Russellets,
A very large Assortment of
Dimity's and Muslinets,
A great Variety of Silks, for Gowns,
Cloth coloured Satins,
English and India black Ditto,
Black Crape and Bombazetts,
Cloth and Morocco Shoes and Slips,
Superfine Broadcloths and Cassimeres, a great Variety,
Pearl, and polished Steel Buttons, &c. &c.

N. B. Home-made Cloths taken in Pay, as usual.

Newport, November 7, 1797.

To be Sold, by

Thomas H. Hazard,

Of South-Kingstown,

The LITTLE NECK FARM,

CONtaining about One Hundred and Fifty Acres, bounded on Two Sides by the Salt Water, with a Dwelling House, Cheese and Corn House thereon—with an excellent Orchard of the best of Fruit, a good Well of Water, and a beautiful Grove of the best of Timber, and the greatest Plenty of the richest Manure adjoining said Farm, and the best Fishing and Fowling in New England. For Pleasantness, Situation & Richness of Soil, with every other Convenience, no Estate in New England can exceed it.——Any Person inclining to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to said HAZARD, adjoining the Premises.

October 6, 1797.

State of RHODE ISLAND, &c.
In GENERAL ASSEMBLY, *October Session, A. D.* 1797.

IT *is Voted and Resolved*, That Messieurs JOHN L. BOSS, ARCHIBALD CRARY, and WALTER CHANNING, be, and they are hereby appointed a Committee to examine the State Notes and Securities lodged in the General Treasury, in Payment of Taxes; and the State Notes and Securities paid off in the late Paper Money, and lodged by Holders in the General Treasury: That they make out and deposit in the Treasury a particular List and Description of said Notes and Securities, with the Circumstances attending them: That they cause Notification to be given in the Newspapers, for the Space of Six Months, to make Application for the same according to Law; That at the End of Six Months from the first Notification as aforesaid, the said Committee shall cause all such Notes and Securities of the Description aforesaid as may then remain in the Treasury to be burnt and destroyed.

A true Copy; *Witness,*
HENRY WARD, *Sec'ry.*

In Pursuance of the above recited Act, the Subscribers hereby Notify all Persons, claiming any of the Notes and Securities, described in the aforesaid Act, to make Application to the General Treasurer for the same according to Law; within Six Months from the Twenty eighth Day of November, A. D. 1797.

JOHN L. BOSS,
A. CRARY,
WAL. CHANNING, } *Committee.*

THE Subscribers being appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of JOHN WANTON, late of this Town, Mariner, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby notify all Persons having Claims or Demands against said Estate, to exhibit the same to either of them within Six Months, that being the Time allowed for receiving said Claims, and reporting thereon.

JOSEPH GARDNER,
ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, January 1. 1798.

The Persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make Payment to

LATHAM THURSTON, *Administrator.*